

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. NO. 9.

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1897.

TWO CENTS

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"There is, and it almost always terminates fatally. The various stages of the disease are not particularly marked or defined."

"I will ask you whether or not, since Robison has been confined in the jail, you have made any examination of his condition?"

"I have. The electric current is used in determining this disease. During my first examination of him I thought his appearance indicated that he had re-

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"I will now ask you, doctor, whether you have seen anything else to confirm you in your opinion that he was an epileptic?"

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"What is the effect of lead poisoning?" "It often causes insanity and would always be an important factor in determining the cause of paresis when the patient had worked in paint for 30 years."

"As the result of all my investigations and experiments during the past four weeks, I say he is an epileptic."

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PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE OF SUPPORT

No Doubt That Japan's Protest Will Be Followed by a Demand For Existing Treaty Rights—The Main Points of the New Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—When the treaty for the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands reached the senate, that body at once went into executive session and as soon as the doors were closed the message of President McKinley accompanying the treaty and treaty itself were read to the senate. They were attentively listened to. In one part of the chamber there was a group of senators who will bitterly oppose the ratification of the treaty. Among them were Senators Gray, Mills, Pasco, White, Caffery, Pettigrew and McEnery.

As soon as the reading of the documents was completed Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, moved that the message and the treaty be made public. Senator Gray objected to a vote on the motion, and, under the rules, a single objection carried the motion over until today. Senator Davis gave notice that at the next executive session he would press the motion for publication, as all the essential facts and almost verbatim copy of the treaty had been published in the press of the country.

There was more discussion as to when the treaty might be considered and Senator White asked if it was the intention to push it at this session and upon the reply being made that it was possible the California senator said:

"I desire to announce that I am prepared to stay here all summer to prevent the ratification of this treaty which I consider a very bad proposition."

"I'll join you," said Senator Pettigrew (S. D.).

The message of the president was not a very long document. It dealt with historical facts concerning the island, and showed that the United States and Hawaii yearly grow more closely bound to each other. This was not really annexation, he said, but a continuation of existing relations with closer bonds between people closely related by blood and kindred ties. Since 1820, said the president, the predominance of the United States had been known. The sending of the first envoy there brought the islands in closer relations with the United States, and these relations had grown more firm by succeeding events.

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The president called attention to the fact that a legitimate and existing government of Hawaii offered to annex the islands to the United States in 1851, but on account of what we deemed best policy the annexation was not accepted by this country. He stated that the United States virtually exercised a protectorate over the islands since the first American mission and guaranteed the autonomy of the government of the group. The islands had been largely settled by our own people and our people were now interested in them. American interests predominated and we had grown to consider them under our own protection. The present treaty was in the light of a consummation of what had practically been in existence for years.

Referring to the treaty negotiated under the Harrison administration, President McKinley says that the failure to accept the proffer of annexation in 1893, while not a subject of congratulation, was not wholly without its value, as it had demonstrated that the existing government could maintain itself and no question could be raised of the authority of the present government to negotiate the present treaty or of its right to yield the sovereignty of the islands.

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While peaceful annexation of the Hawaiian islands would abrogate the existing treaties of that country with foreign powers, Japan probably will contend that the United States must assume and respect Hawaii's obligations to foreign powers.

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For the United States there were present Secretary Sherman, Assistant Secretaries Day, Adee and Crider, Private Secretary Babcock and Assistant Private Secretary Gaytree. On the Hawaiian side were Minister Hatch, Lorin A. Thurston and W. A. Kinney, all for this particular occasion accredited as special commissioners duly empowered to negotiate a treaty of annexation. After the formal greetings the credentials of the plenipotentiaries were scanned and recorded.

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Secretary Sherman signed first the copy intended to be held here while Minister Hatch signed first the Hawaiian copy of the treaty, his fellow commissioners coming next in order, Mr. Thurston first, followed by Mr. Kinney. The treaties were sealed by Assistant Secretary Crider with a private seal carried on his watch chain, the copies were handed to their respective custodians and the treaty was made as far as the executive branch of the government could effect it.

There was a general exchange of congratulations between the parties to the ceremony and after a photograph had been taken of the commissioners, the ceremony was ended. Before the final signature of the document the secretary of state was presented a formal protest by the Japanese government, through its legation here, against the consummation of the agreement.

Treaty Likely to Pass.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Senator Kyle, who is one of the most zealous of the senatorial advocates of Hawaiian annexation, said that a canvass of the senate indicated that there were 55 votes certain for annexation. The constitution requires a two-thirds vote for the ratification of treaties, making 60 necessary to ratify. Senator Kyle says there are fully a dozen senators who are doubtful from whom to draw the five votes necessary to insure confirmation.

Ohio Man Nominated.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The president has sent the following nomination to the senate: Frank H. Morris of Ohio to be auditor for the navy department.

Will Stop Boxing In Gotham.

New York, June 17.—The police commissioners have unanimously decided that the so-called boxing contests in the city should be stopped.

NEW JR. O. U. A. M. OFFICERS.

Louisville Selected For the Next Place of Meeting—Other Business.

PITTSBURG, June 17.—The national council Jr. O. U. A. M. has chosen these officers:

National counselor, Joseph Powell, Denver; national vice counselor, Frank W. Pierson, Wilmington, Del.; national secretary, Edward S. Deemer, Philadelphia; national treasurer, J. Adam Kohl, Baltimore; national conductor, A. A. Eskey, West Virginia; national warden, Amos L. Cray, Jonesboro, Ind.; national inside sentinel, George W. Hobson, Philadelphia; national outside sentinel, D. B. Boley, San Francisco; national chaplain, Rev. H. A. Slaughter.

A warm fight resulted over the choice of the next meeting place. The vote resulted as follows: Louisville, 144 votes; Washington, 88, and Worcester, Mass., 6.

During the session Miss Anna Hoge, matron of the National Orphans' home, at Tiffin, O., and four orphans were presented to the council. The little ones were: Edgar Adair of Galion, O., Bertha Ware of Covington, Ky., Annie Burnett of Harrisburg and Easter Hagarday of Altoona.

The uniformed rank, U. A. M., decided to abolish the use of Upton and Grant's military tactics and to follow closely in the future the tactics in use by the regular army. An important action of that body was the unanimous vote to recognize the national council Jr. O. U. A. M. as commander-in-chief.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: W. H. Staley, Allegheny City, junior past commander; Charles A. Creighton, Denver, supreme commander; J. O. Howell, Irwin, Pa., supreme vice commander; A. E. Muchler, Marion, O., supreme provost; J. H. W. Anderson, Pittsburgh, supreme recorder; Charles H. Temple, Johnstown, Pa., supreme treasurer; C. M. Voris, San Marciel, N. M., supreme protector; C. L. Brown, Allegheny City, supreme marshal; C. W. Reed, Dayton, O., junior counselor; J. H. Dias, Irwin, Pa., supreme warden; Dr. M. R. McGrew, Carnegie, Pa., supreme medical examiner.

BUTLER TRIED TO SUICIDE.

The Australian Will Have to Die For the Weller Murder.

SYDNEY, June 17.—Frank Butler, convicted of the murder of Captain Lee Weller, while the two men were on a gold prospecting trip, has attempted to cut his throat with a piece of tin, but was seized before he did himself any serious injury. Later he made the most violent resistance to his keeper while on the way to the courthouse. He fought with them like a wild beast and was with difficulty subdued.

Butler, after the murder of Captain Weller, escaped from Australia on the ship Swanhilda, but upon the arrival of that vessel at San Francisco he was arrested and afterward extradited.

It is alleged that the condemned man, in the course of his career, has taken the lives in Australia of at least 14 other persons. It was his practice to advertise for a prospecting partner, and having found one with means, to murder him while in the bush.

Anti-Lynching Association.

COLUMBUS, June 17.—The National Anti-Mob and Lynch Law association has been incorporated. The purposes are declared to be to discourage mob and lynch law within the United States and to agitate public sentiment with a view to securing such legislation as will suppress such practices by providing adequate punishment for violators. It is proposed to form branch associations all over the United States.

Arraigned on Murder Charge.

WARREN, O., June 17.—The four young men accused of the murder of Ira Hill, at Farmington, have been arraigned behind locked doors to avoid the crowd that had gathered to see them. Louis Yura, who, it was alleged, had admitted doing the shooting, pleaded not guilty, as did also Charles Fenton, Paddy Nicholson and Ira Evans.

Masked Thieves Robbed Her.

AKRON, O., June 17.—Two masked men entered the house of Thomas Dittrick, 212 Turner street, in the absence of Mr. Dittrick, and at the point of a revolver, compelled Mrs. Dittrick to give over what money she had in the house, although it amounted to only \$15. There is no clew.

Kissinger Elected Commander.

CHILLICOTHE, O., June 17.—On the fourth ballot Colonel Henry Kissinger of Dayton was elected department commander of the Ohio G. A. R. Retiring Commander I. F. Mack was endorsed for national commander.

India's Great Disaster.

CALCUTTA, June 17.—Further reports of the destruction caused by the earthquake of last Saturday show that great damage was done at Dacca, Jamalpur and Murshidabad. Buildings were wrecked and people killed at several places.

Electric Medical Meeting.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 17.—The National Electric Medical association is holding its twenty-seventh annual session at Hotel St. Louis, Minnetonka.

Angell Will Go In July.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., June 17.—Dr. Angell will sail for Turkey the first week in July.

Son of Daniel O'Connell Dead.

LONDON, June 17.—Daniel O'Connell, son of the Irish liberator, is dead.

CRIME OF A FRIEND.

Prominent Southerner Almost Murdered and Robbed His Racing Backer.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—C. D. Collins, a wealthy Tennessean, has been lured to his probable death by a man he had known since boyhood and with whom he has been on terms of intimate friendship for six years. His assailant is Martin Ensley of Memphis, whose father, Colonel Enoch Ensley, was one of the most prominent mineowners and planters of the south.

Ensley induced his companion to visit Meramec Highlands, a summer resort 15 miles from here. On the previous illness he led him to a clump of ash about 75 yards from the hotel, where he beat him with a hammer and robbed him of \$6,000. He then started up the hill and passed the money to an accomplice, who is believed to have escaped on a trolley car. Then the would-be murderer ran down the path leading to the Meramec river.

Two men saw the terrible assault and the robbery and witnessed the transfer of the money and the escape of the principal and his accomplice.

Ensley ran to a boatman's hut and told the boatman that he had been assaulted, as also had Collins. They went back together and Ensley was arrested on Collins' information.

Collins later identified the prisoner as his assailant.

The two men had a racing string, Collins putting up the money and using Ensley's name, on account of the prejudice of his wife, a Cleveland woman, and his own family.

CLEVELAND NOW AN LL. D.

Many Visitors Saw Him Receive His Degree From Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 17.—Princeton's one hundred and fiftieth annual commencement day exercises was a notable event.

Alexander hall was thronged with visitors who attended not less in expectation of seeing an honorary degree conferred upon ex-President Cleveland than to see the customary exercises. On the speaker's rostrum President Patton and Mr. Cleveland occupied seats of honor. The usual orations were delivered by graduates.

Deafening applause greeted Mr. Cleveland when he arose to be presented to President Patton as candidate for an honorary degree. Dr. Patton conferred degree LL. D. upon Mr. Cleveland, who spoke a few words in acknowledgement of the honor conferred.

A Bomb Exploded In Paris.

PAIS, June 17.—A bomb has been exploded in front of the Strasburn statue on the Place de la Concorde. No damage was done.

Old Man In a Duel.

PARIS, June 17.—General Rebillot, who is 75 years of age, has fought a duel with swords with M. Camille de St. Croix. General Rebillot was wounded above the eye.

The Weather.

Threatening, with showers; fresh to brisk southeast winds.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Baltimore— R H E
Baltimore.....2 5 0 3 0 0 0 0 *—10 11 2
Pittsburg.....0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—3 6 5
Batteries—Nops and Bowerman; Killen, Hastings and Leahy. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 2,464.

At Boston— R H E
Boston.....0 1 3 2 3 0 3 2 *—14 15 4
Chicago.....0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0—3 8 7
Batteries—Nichols and Bergen; Callahan and Kittredge. Umpire—T. J. Lynch. Attendance, 3,700.

At Brooklyn— R H E
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 2—6 12 7
Cincinnati.....0 12 0 0 1 2 0 0 0—15 13 7
Batteries—Payne, Fisher and Grim; Breitenstein and Peitz. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 2,714.

At New York— R H E
New York.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 6 4
Cleveland.....1 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 2—7 12 2
Batteries—Rusie and Warner; Wilson and O'Connor. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 4,500.

At Philadelphia— R H E
Philadelphia.....3 0 0 0 2 1 2 *—8 11 4
St. Louis.....0 0 2 3 2 0 0 0 0—7 9 4
Batteries—Fifield, Wheeler and Boyle; Carsey and Douglass. Umpires—McDermott and McDonald. Attendance, 3,068.

At Washington— R H E
Washington.....1 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 *—4 9 2
Louisville.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2 6 2
Batteries—King and Farrell; Cunningham and Butler. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 2,000.

Standing of the Clubs.

W	L	Pc	W	L	Pc		
Balto.....	32	9	780	Brooklyn..	22	21	512
Boston.....	31	12	721	Pittsburg..	20	22	476
Cincin.....	26	16	619	Chicago.....	17	23	395
N. York.....	27	17	564	St. Louis...	17	27	386
Cleveland..	22	20	524	Wash.....	15	26	366
Phila.....	24	22	522	St. Louis..	8	38	174

League Schedule Today.

Pittsburg at Baltimore, Chicago at Boston, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, Cleveland at New York, St. Louis at Philadelphia and Louisville at Washington.

The Interstate Games.

At Youngstown— R H E
Youngstown..0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 9 4
Wheeling.....0 1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—4 4 1
Batteries—Jordan and Zinram; Campbell and Messett.

Springfield-Toledo game postponed—rain.

Fort Wayne-Dayton game postponed—rain.

Mansfield-New Castle game postponed in fifth inning with the score 5 to 1 in favor of New Castle.

Interstate League Standing.

W	L	Pc	W	L	Pc		
New Castle..	23	15	551	Mansfield..	19	24	442
Toledo.....	27	19	587	Youngstown.	18	23	439
Dayton.....	24	18	571	Ft. Wayne..	17	24	415
Wheeling....	19	24	442	Springfield.	16	23	410

Interstate Schedule.

Toledo at Dayton, Fort Wayne at Springfield, Youngstown at Mansfield, and Wheeling at New Castle.



When a man falls out of a ten-story window you'd naturally say he is a dead man. Well, perhaps he is and then again, perhaps not. Something may save him. There may be a friendly awning that will let him down easy, so he may be sound and well to-morrow. You never know what may save a man who seems to be as good as dead.

Many a man who seemed to be dying of consumption, and whom the doctors pronounced just as good as dead, has got well and strong and hearty again by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This wonderful medicine has shown the doctors that consumption isn't always a fatal disease. It can be cured if you get at the germs of it in the blood and clear them out thoroughly. That is what this "Discovery" does. It makes new blood,—healthy blood.

The germs of consumption can't exist in healthy blood. They simply let go their hold and are carried out of the system; then the new blood builds up new tissue, new flesh, new power, new life. It carries vitality to the lungs, the bronchial tubes and every other part of the body.

It cures people after cod liver oil has failed, because their digestive organs are too weak to digest fat-foods. The "Discovery" makes the digestion strong.

For thin and pale and emaciated people there is no flesh-builder in the world to compare with it. It doesn't make flabby fat, but hard, healthy flesh. It builds nerve-power and force and endurance. It is never safe to pronounce any one "dying of consumption," or any other wasting disease, until this marvelous "Discovery" has been given a fair trial.

Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" will be sent free paper-bound for the cost of mailing only, 21 one-cent stamps. Cloth-bound, 10 stamps extra. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PEOPLE WE KNOW.

They are East Liverpool People, and What they say is of Local Interest.

When an incident like the following occurs right here at home it is bound to carry weight with our readers. The public statement of a reputable citizen living right here at home, one whom you can see every day, leaves no ground for the skeptic to stand on:

Mrs. A. Searight, No. 152 High street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney disease over a year ago which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system and while I have been able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there would be a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back that felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. I belong to the Daughters of Liberty and the Maccabees and notified them to drop me, but they refused to do so; this made me more determined than ever to get well, as I did not want to be a burden to them. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. and W. Pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. I am not suffering in any way since taking them, all the symptoms having disappeared. I rest well at night and am gaining in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Health is Wealth.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness. \$1 a box; six for \$5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail. For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

Get the Best.

The place to get it is at the News Review. We refer to our high grade Job Printing.

HAWAII HAS HOT FOES.

A Senate Group Grumbles at the Treaty.

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Secretary Sherman alone represented the United States in the signature of the convention and it was part of the ceremony to record his authorization by the president, just as much as it was the credentials of the Hawaiians from President Dole. Then came the reading and comparison of the treaty. Of this there were two drafts, one to be held by each, later on to be exchanged in the usual form. The Hawaiian representatives had brought with them a gold pen in a plain holder, and at their request this was used for all of the signatures.

Secretary Sherman signed first the copy intended to be held here while Minister Hatch signed first the Hawaiian copy of the treaty, his fellow commissioners coming next in order, Mr. Thurston first, followed by Mr. Kinney. The treaties were sealed by Assistant Secretary Cridler with a private seal carried on his watch chain, the copies were handed to their respective custodians and the treaty was made as far as the executive branch of the government could effect it.

There was a general exchange of congratulations between the parties to the ceremony and after a photograph had been taken of the commissioners, the ceremony was ended. Before the final signature of the document the secretary of state was presented a formal protest by the Japanese government, through its legation here, against the consummation of the agreement.

Treaty Likely to Pass.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Senator Kyle, who is one of the most zealous of the senatorial advocates of Hawaiian annexation, said that a canvass of the senate indicated that there were 55 votes certain for annexation. The constitution requires a two-thirds vote for the ratification of treaties, making 60 necessary to ratify. Senator Kyle says there are fully a dozen senators who are doubtful from whom to draw the five votes necessary to insure confirmation.

Ohio Man Nominated.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The president has sent the following nomination to the senate: Frank H. Morris of Ohio to be auditor for the navy department.

Will Stop Boxing In Gotham.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The police commissioners have unanimously decided that the so-called boxing contests in the city should be stopped.

NEW JR. O. U. A. M. OFFICERS.

Louisville Selected For the Next Place of Meeting—Other Business.

PITTSBURG, June 17.—The national council Jr. O. U. A. M. has chosen these officers:

National counselor, Joseph Powell, Denver; national vice counselor, Frank W. Pierson, Wilmington, Del.; national secretary, Edward S. Deemer, Philadelphia; national treasurer, J. Adam Schl, Baltimore; national conductor, A. A. Eskey, West Virginia; national warden, Amos L. Cray, Jonesboro, Ind.; national inside sentinel, George W. Hobson, Philadelphia; national outside sentinel, D. B. Boley, San Francisco; national chaplain, Rev. H. A. Slaughter.

A warm fight resulted over the choice of the next meeting place. The vote resulted as follows: Louisville, 144 votes; Washington, 88, and Worcester, Mass., 6.

During the session Miss Anna Hoge, matron of the National Orphans' home, at Tiffin, O., and four orphans were presented to the council. The little ones were: Edgar Adair of Galion, O., Bertha Ware of Covington, Ky., Annie Burnett of Harrisburg and Easter Hagerday of Altoona.

The uniformed rank, U. A. M., decided to abolish the use of Upton and Grant's military tactics and to follow closely in the future the tactics in use by the regular army. An important action of that body was the unanimous vote to recognize the national councilor Jr. O. U. A. M. as commander-in-chief.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: W. H. Staley, Allegheny City, junior past commander; Charles A. Creighton, Denver, supreme commander; J. O. Howell, Irwin, Pa., supreme vice commander; A. E. Muchler, Marion, O., supreme provost; J. H. W. Anderson, Pittsburgh, supreme recorder; Charles H. Temple, Johnstown, Pa., supreme treasurer; C. M. Voris, San Marcell, N. M., supreme protector; C. L. Brown, Allegheny City, supreme marshal; C. W. Reed, Dayton, O., junior councilor; J. H. Dias, Irwin, Pa., supreme warden; Dr. M. R. McGrew, Carnegie, Pa., supreme medical examiner.

BUTLER TRIED TO SUICIDE.

The Australian Will Have to Die For the Weller Murder.

SYDNEY, June 17.—Frank Butler, convicted of the murder of Captain Lee Weller, while the two men were on a gold prospecting trip, has attempted to cut his throat with a piece of tin, but was seized before he did himself any serious injury. Later he made the most violent resistance to his keeper while on the way to the courthouse. He fought with them like a wild beast and was with difficulty subdued.

Butler, after the murder of Captain Weller, escaped from Australia on the ship Swanhilda, but upon the arrival of that vessel at San Francisco he was arrested and afterward extradited. It is alleged that the condemned man, in the course of his career, has taken the lives in Australia of at least 14 other persons. It was his practice to advertise for a prospecting partner, and having found one with means, to murder him while in the bush.

Anti-Lynching Association.

COLUMBUS, June 17.—The National Anti-Mob and Lynch Law association has been incorporated. The purposes are declared to be to discourage mob and lynch law within the United States and to agitate public sentiment with a view to securing such legislation as will suppress such practices by providing adequate punishment for violators. It is proposed to form branch associations all over the United States.

Arraigned on Murder Charge.

WARREN, O., June 17.—The four young men accused of the murder of Ira Hill, at Farmington, have been arraigned behind locked doors to avoid the crowd that had gathered to see them. Louis Yura, who, it was alleged, had admitted doing the shooting, pleaded not guilty, as did also Charles Fenton, Paddy Nicholson and Ira Evans.

Masked Thieves Robbed Her.

AKRON, O., June 17.—Two masked men entered the house of Thomas Dittrick, 212 Turner street, in the absence of Mr. Dittrick, and at the point of a revolver, compelled Mrs. Dittrick to give over what money she had in the house, although it amounted to only \$15. There is no clew.

Kissinger Elected Commander.

CHILLICOTHE, O., June 17.—On the fourth ballot Colonel Henry Kissinger of Dayton was elected department commander of the Ohio G. A. R. Retiring Commander I. F. Mack was endorsed for national commander.

India's Great Disaster.

CALCUTTA, June 17.—Further reports of the destruction caused by the earthquake of last Saturday show that great damage was done at Dacca, Jamalpur and Murshidabad. Buildings were wrecked and people killed at several places.

Electric Medical Meeting.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 17.—The National Electric Medical association is holding its twenty-seventh annual session at Hotel St. Louis, Minnetonka.

Angell Will Go In July.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., June 17.—Dr. Angell will sail for Turkey the first week in July.

Son of Daniel O'Connell Dead.

LONDON, June 17.—Daniel O'Connell, son of the Irish liberator, is dead.

CRIME OF A FRIEND.

Prominent Southerner Almost Murdered and Robbed His Racing Backer.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—C. D. Collins, a wealthy Tennessean, has been lured to his probable death by a man he had known since boyhood and with whom he has been on terms of intimate friendship for six years. His assailant is Martin Ensley of Memphis, whose father, Colonel Enoch Ensley, was one of the most prominent mineowners and placers of the south.

Ensley induced his companion to visit Meramee Highlands, a summer resort 15 miles from here. On the pre-arranged signal he led him to a clump of bushes about 75 yards from the hotel where he beat him with a hammer and robbed him of \$6,000. He then started up the hill and passed the money to an accomplice, who is believed to have escaped on a trolley car. Then the would-be murderer ran down the path leading to the Meramec river.

Two men saw the terrible assault and the robbery and witnessed the transfer of the money and the escape of the principal and his accomplice.

Ensley ran to a boatman's hut and told the boatman that he had been assaulted, as also had Collins. They went back together and Ensley was arrested on Collins' information.

Collins later identified the prisoner as his assailant.

The two men had a racing string. Collins putting up the money and using Ensley's name, on account of the prejudice of his wife, a Cleveland woman, and his own family.

CLEVELAND NOW AN LL. D.

Many Visitors Saw Him Receive His Degree From Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 17.—Princeton's one hundred and fiftieth annual commencement day exercises was a notable event.

Alexander hall was thronged with visitors who attended not less in expectation of seeing an honorary degree conferred upon ex-President Cleveland than to see the customary exercises. On the speaker's rostrum President Patton and Mr. Cleveland occupied seats of honor. The usual orations were delivered by graduates.

Deafening applause greeted Mr. Cleveland when he arose to be presented to President Patton as candidate for an honorary degree. Dr. Patton conferred degree LL. D. upon Mr. Cleveland, who spoke a few words in acknowledgement of the honor conferred.

A Bomb Exploded In Paris.

PARIS, June 17.—A bomb has been exploded in front of the Strasburn statue on the Place de la Concorde. No damage was done.

Old Man In a Duel.

PARIS, June 17.—General Rebillot, who is 75 years of age, has fought a duel with swords with M. Camille de St. Croix. General Rebillot was wounded above the eye.

The Weather.

Threatening, with showers; fresh to brisk southeast winds.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore... 2 5 0 3 0 0 0 0 *—10 11 2
Pittsburg... 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 —3 6 5
Batteries—Nops and Bowerman; Killen, Hastings and Leahy. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 2,464.

At Boston—
Boston... 0 1 3 2 3 0 3 2 *—14 15 4
Chicago... 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 —3 8 7
Batteries—Nichols and Bergen; Callahan and Kittredge. Umpire—T. J. Lynch. Attendance, 3,700.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn... 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 —6 12 7
Cincinnati... 0 12 0 0 1 2 0 0 —0 15 13 2
Batteries—Payne, Fisher and Grim; Breitenstein and Peitz. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 2,714.

At New York—
New York... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —1 2 6 4
Cleveland... 1 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 —7 12 2
Batteries—Rusie and Warner; Wilson and O'Connor. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 4,500.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia... 3 0 0 0 0 2 1 2 *—8 11 4
St. Louis... 0 0 0 2 3 2 0 0 0 —7 9 4
Batteries—Fifield, Wheeler and Boyle; Carney and Douglass. Umpires—McDermott and McDonald. Attendance, 3,668.

At Washington—
Washington... 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 *—4 9 2
Louisville... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 —2 6 2
Batteries—King and Farrell; Cunningham and Butler. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 2,000.

Standing of the Clubs.

W	L	Pc	W	L	Pc	
Balto.	32	9	789	Brooklyn	22	512
Boston	31	12	721	Pittsburg	30	476
Cincin.	26	16	619	Louisville	17	395
N. York	22	17	564	Chicago	17	386
Cleveland	22	20	534	Wash.	15	366
Phila.	24	22	522	St. Louis	8	174

League Schedule Today.

Pittsburg at Baltimore, Chicago at Boston, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, Cleveland at New York, St. Louis at Philadelphia and Louisville at Washington.

The Interstate Games.

At Youngstown—
Youngstown... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 —1 9 4
Wheeling... 0 1 1 0 0 2 0 0 —4 4 1
Batteries—Jordan and Zinram; Campbell and Messert.

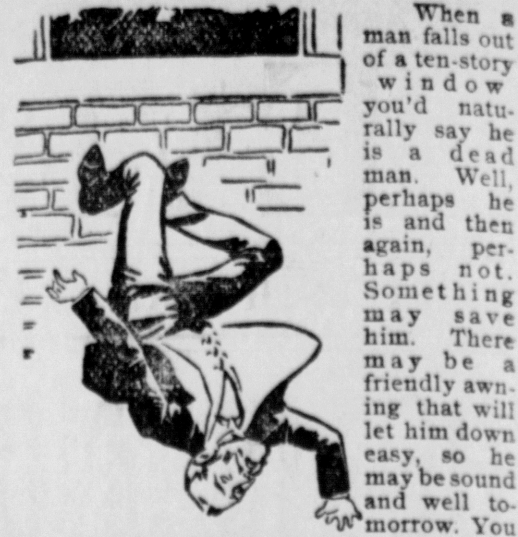
Springfield-Toledo game postponed—rain.
Fort Wayne-Dayton game postponed—rain.
Mansfield-New Castle game postponed in fifth inning with the score 5 to 1 in favor of New Castle.

Interstate League Standing.

W	L	Pc	W	L	Pc		
New Castle	23	15	.651	Mansfield	19	24	.442
Toledo	27	19	.587	Youngstown	18	23	.439
Dayton	24	18	.571	Ft. Wayne	17	24	.415
Wheeling	19	24	.442	Springfield	16	23	.410

Interstate Schedule.

Toledo at Dayton, Fort Wayne at Springfield, Youngstown at Mansfield, and Wheeling at New Castle.



When a man falls out of a ten-story window you'd naturally say he is a dead man. Well, perhaps he is and then again, perhaps not. Something may save him. There may be a friendly angel that will let him down easy, so he may be sound and well tomorrow. You never know what may save a man who seems to be as good as dead.

Many a man who seemed to be dying of consumption, and whom the doctors pronounced just as good as dead, has got well and strong and hearty again by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This wonderful medicine has shown the doctors that consumption isn't always a fatal disease. It can be cured if you get at the germs of it in the blood and clear them out thoroughly. That is what this "Discovery" does. It makes new blood, healthy blood.

The germs of consumption can't exist in healthy blood. They simply let go their hold and are carried out of the system; then the new blood builds up new tissue, new flesh, new power, new life. It carries vitality to the lungs, the bronchial tubes and every other part of the body.

It cures people after cod liver oil has failed, because their digestive organs are too weak to digest fat-foods. The "Discovery" makes the digestion strong.

For thin and pale and emaciated people there is no flesh-builder in the world to compare with it. It doesn't make flabby fat, but hard, healthy flesh. It builds nerve power and force and endurance. It is never safe to pronounce any one "dying of consumption," or any other wasting disease, until this marvelous "Discovery" has been given a fair trial.

Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" will be sent free paper-bound for the cost of mailing only, 21 one-cent stamps. Cloth-bound, 10 stamps extra. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PEOPLE WE KNOW.

They are East Liverpool People, and What they say is of Local Interest.

When an incident like the following occurs right here at home it is bound to carry weight with our readers. The public statement of a reputable citizen living right here at home, one whom you can see every day, leaves no ground for the skeptic to stand on:

Mrs. A. Seaight, No. 152 High Street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney disease over a year ago which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system and while I have been able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there would be a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back that felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. I belong to the Daughters of Liberty and the Maccabees and notified them to drop me, but they refused to do so; this made me more determined than ever to get well, as I did not want to be a burden to them. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. and W. Pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. I am not suffering in any way since taking them, all the symptoms having disappeared. I rest well at night and am gaining in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to for the benefit of other sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sold agents for the United States.

Health is Wealth.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS. Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness. \$1 a box; six for \$5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail. For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

Get the Best.

The place to get it is at the NEWS REVIEW. We refer to our high grade Job Printing.

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COLLIDES WITH A FRUIT WAGON

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Green's wagon was loaded with strawberries and when the wheel came off, several crates were thrown out.

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A Short Session.

Trades Council met in regular session last evening and although there was a full attendance, but little business transacted. Delegates from the Glass Workers union, Clerks union and Tailors union were received as members, after which the new by-laws were distributed.

Will Meet Monday.

The picnic committee of Labor Council and the library committee will meet Monday evening and make a complete report of the recent picnic. It will be presented to Trades Council at their next meeting.

Runaway Boys.

The mayor received a notice from the Morganza Reform school, this morning, asking him to keep a lookout for Patrick Fallon, of Pittsburg, and William Wilson, of Sewickley, who escaped from the institution June 11.

Lawn Fete.

The Young People's society of the First Presbyterian church will give a lawn fete next Thursday night at the residence of George C. Murphy, Third street.

BARGAIN HOUR SALE FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

List of Bargains and Hour of Sale.

FROM 8 TO 9 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

1 bale yard wide muslin, 3c a yard.
1 case Lancaster gingham, 3 3/4c a yard.
Ready made gingham aprons, 9c each.

FROM 9 TO 10 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

10c tickings, 5c a yard.
8c 40-inch muslin, 4 3/4c a yard.
20c 9 3/4 unbleached sheeting, 11c a yard.

FROM 10 TO 11 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

20c turkey red damask 12 1/2c a yard.
30c white table linen, 21c a yard.
60c ready made sheets, 39c each.

FROM 11 TO 12 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

O. N. T. thread, 3 spools 11c.
10c embroideries, 5c a yard.
25c embroideries, 12 1/2c a yard.

FROM 12 TO 1 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

5c toilet soap, 1c a cake.
10c note paper and envelopes, 5c a box.
20c note paper and envelopes, 10c a box.
39c summer corsets, 25c a pair.

BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY IN WOOL DRESS GOODS.

Your choice of all our 15c Shepherd checked Dress Goods,

9 cents a yard.

Your choice of all our 25c and 30c Checked Dress Goods for

17c cents a yard.

Your choice of our entire stock of 50c and 60c Checked Dress Goods for

33c a yard.

Your choice of 10 Fine Suits, patterns that sold at \$8 each, for

\$3.98 a suit.

These prices good for any hour Friday or Saturday only.

FROM 1 TO 2 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

50c curtain ends, 25c each.
40c 45-inch embroidered curtain swiss, 19c a yard.
\$3 and \$3.50 fine tapestries, \$1.98 a yard.

FROM 2 TO 3 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

10c Scotch lawns 3 3/4c a yard.
15c fine dimities, 7 1/2c a yard.
10c white checked goods, 5c a yard.

FROM 3 TO 4 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

12 1/2c yard wide percales, 6 1/2c a yard.
18c fine sattles, 7c a yard.
25c lappet mulls, 12 1/2c a yard.

FROM 4 TO 5 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

10c men's 1/2 hose, 4c a pair.
25c men's black 1/2 hose, 15c a pair.
20c ladies' black hose, 10c a pair.

FROM 5 TO 6 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

\$2.50 silk parasols and umbrellas, 99c each.
\$1.50 ladies' wrappers, 98c each.
\$1.50 shirt waists, 98c each.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

The Greece of Today.

To understand the phenomenal rise of Greece, we must bear in mind that, though the Greeks had been miserably downtrodden by the Turks for 400 years; the best hope of the people, borne by an unholy tribute far away from their mothers' homes and trained into the tools of an inhuman tyranny, and though, had it not been for the "untoward event" at Navarino, the whole population of the Morea would have been exterminated beneath the merciless tramp of Turkish hoofs, there, nevertheless, lived behind the outward show of slavish debasement a heart of sturdy independence that cherished the patriotic memories of ages and seized eagerly on every chance that might enable it to stand before the world in the attitude and character that had given it the most prominent place in the history of the human race.

The two years' struggle that gave to Greece the right to look Europe in the face, as a noble people determined to die rather than live the slaves of a hateful tyranny, at the same time gave to Europe the assurance that Greece was living Greece again, and Christian conscience and classic memories combined, when once the yoke was broken, to enable the Greeks to show to the world that, in spite of the bombshells of Venice and the sabers of Turkey, not only should a Greek mother bear sons to grow up free from the rapine of Turkish hands, but desolate Athens should rise to her old position, and, along with Edinburgh, Glasgow and Aberdeen, assert its place among famous European cities that combine commercial enterprise with cultivated intelligence. It was this noble patriotic pride that, in the short space of half a century, turned the little ruined village into an imposing city.—Professor John Stuart Blackie in Forum.

A Trick of Actors.

Most people know that the memory may be easily confused by learning a passage in two or three different ways, or by having once heard an incorrect form of giving it. Working on this principle, actors are fond of putting stumbling blocks in one another's way. A stock joke, dear to the hearts of all players, is the regular thing to be inflicted upon a beginner in the first act of "Richard III." It is in the scene where the coffin of Henry VI is borne across the stage. One of the men who carry it has been raised from the position of supernumerary to his first speaking part, which consists of a single line. Before the performance, it is usual for some older actor to take him aside and impress him with the enormous difficulties of delivering that sentence correctly. The victim listens nervously.

"Now, most actors," says his tormentor gravely, "make this mistake the first time they play the part: Instead of saying, as it is, 'My lord, stand back, and let the coffin pass,' they give it this way, 'My lord, stand back, and let the parson cough.'"

And after he has heard the latter version, absurd though it is, the chances are that the poor supernumerary will give that to the audience on the first night.—New York Tribune.

The Czar's Gold Plate.

For the banquet that took place immediately after the coronation of the czar no less than 320,000 pounds weight of the finest crystal, gold and silver plate was used, 60,000 pounds of this being composed of the precious metals. The most famous services of plate are the Orloff and the London service, the last including, among other things, copies of four equestrian statues on the Anichkoff bridge in St. Petersburg, four others representing hunting scenes and one St. George and the dragon. A writer in London Society says that among the crystals there were some wonderful vases, with bunches of grapes cut in relief. The Orloff service consists of 16 vases, richly decorated, and 96 large silver centerpieces for the table, of exquisite workmanship. A third service, known as the Parisian golden service, bought in 1867, consists of tureens, dishes and centerpieces.

The Telephone Worked.

According to a Kentucky paper, when the telephone was first introduced in that state an old farmer who did not exactly understand the working of the invention bought a new pair of boots for his son, who lived down in Texas. He hung the footwear across the wire at sundown one evening. During the night some one took the boots and placed a pair of old ones across the wire. Next morning the old gentleman went out and, to his delight, he saw the old boots. He hastened into the house, exclaiming to his wife: "Say, Sal, this here tellerphone is the best thing yet. John got his boots last night, and I'm blasted if he didn't send the old uns home!"

Reserve Buds.

Every one has noticed how, when a large branch of a tree is cut off, small branches will shoot out around the stump. These branches are from the reserve buds, of which all trees have a great number at every portion of their surface. Under ordinary circumstances these never come to maturity, but when the tree is wounded or cut off or loses some of its branches the reserve buds at once come into play and renew the foliage.

ROBISON Murder Trial.

WATCH THE News Review

FOR A FULL AND CLEAN

REPORT.

The News Review caters to the family circle. Our special correspondent will have all important details, edited in a manner which will win the approval of fathers and mothers. While giving all the news, dirty sensationalism is excluded from the columns of this paper.

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A Short Session.

Trades Council met in regular session last evening and although there was a full attendance, but little business transacted. Delegates from the Glass Workers union, Clerks union and Tailors union were received as members, after which the new by-laws were distributed.

Will Meet Monday.

The picnic committee of Labor Council and the library committee will meet Monday evening and make a complete report of the recent picnic. It will be presented to Trades Council at their next meeting.

Runaway Boys.

The mayor received a notice from the Morganza Reform school, this morning, asking him to keep a lookout for Patrick Fallon, of Pittsburg, and William Wilson, of Sewickley, who escaped from the institution June 11.

Lawn Fete.

The Young People's society of the First Presbyterian church will give a lawn fete next Thursday night at the residence of George C. Murphy, Third street.

BARGAIN HOUR SALE FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

List of Bargains and Hour of Sale.

FROM 8 TO 9 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

1 bale yard wide muslin, 3c a yard.
1 case Lancaster gingham, 3 1/2c a yard
Ready made gingham aprons, 9c each.

FROM 9 TO 10 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

10c tickings, 5c a yard.
8c 40-inch muslin, 4 1/2c a yard.
20c 9 1/4 unbleached sheeting, 11c a yard.

FROM 10 TO 11 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

20c turkey red damask 12 1/2c a yard.
30c white table linen, 21c a yard.
60c ready made sheets, 39c each.

FROM 11 TO 12 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

O. N. T. thread, 3 spools 11c.
10c embroideries, 5c a yard.
25c embroideries, 12 1/2c a yard.

FROM 12 TO 1 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

5c toilet soap, 1c a cake.
10c note paper and envelopes, 5c a box.
20c note paper and envelopes, 10c a box.
39c summer corsets, 25c a pair.

BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY IN WOOL DRESS GOODS.

Your choice of all our 15c Shepherd checked Dress Goods,

9 cents a yard.

Your choice of all our 25c and 30c Checked Dress Goods for

17c cents a yard.

Your choice of our entire stock of 60c and 60c Checked Dress Goods for

33c a yard.

Your choice of 10 Fine Suits, patterns that sold at \$8 each, for

\$3.98 a suit.

These prices good for any hour Friday or Saturday only.

FROM 1 TO 2 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

50c curtain ends, 25c each.
40c 45-inch embroidered curtain swiss, 19c a yard.
\$3 and \$3.50 fine tapestries, \$1.98 a yard.

FROM 2 TO 3 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

10c Scotch lawns 3 1/2c a yard.
15c fine dimities, 7 1/2c a yard.
10c white checked goods, 5c a yard.

FROM 3 TO 4 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

12 1/2c yard wide percales, 6 1/2c a yard.
18c fine satines, 7c a yard.
25c lappet mulls, 12 1/2c a yard.

FROM 4 TO 5 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

10c men's 1/2 hose, 4c a pair.
25c men's black 1/2 hose, 15c a pair.
20c ladies' black hose, 10c a pair.

FROM 5 TO 6 O'CLOCK,

Friday and Saturday.

\$2.50 silk parasols and umbrellas, 99c each.
\$1.50 ladies' wrappers, 98c each.
\$1.50 shirt waists, 98c each.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

The Greece of Today.

To understand the phenomenal rise of Greece, we must bear in mind that, though the Greeks had been miserably downtrodden by the Turks for 400 years; the best hope of the people, borne by an unholly tribute far away from their mothers' homes and trained into the tools of an inhuman tyranny, and though, had it not been for the "unlucky event" at Navarino, the whole population of the Morea would have been exterminated beneath the merciless tramp of Turkish hoofs, there, nevertheless, lived behind the outward show of slavish debasement a heart of sturdy independence that cherished the patriotic memories of ages and seized eagerly on every chance that might enable it to stand before the world in the attitude and character that had given it the most prominent place in the history of the human race.

The two years' struggle that gave to Greece the right to look Europe in the face, as a noble people determined to die rather than live the slaves of a hateful tyranny, at the same time gave to Europe the assurance that Greece was living Greece again, and Christian conscience and classic memories combined, when once the yoke was broken, to enable the Greeks to show to the world that, in spite of the bombshells of Venice and the sabers of Turkey, not only should a Greek mother bear sons to grow up free from the rapine of Turkish hands, but desolate Athens should rise to her old position, and, along with Edinburgh, Glasgow and Aberdeen, assert its place among famous European cities that combine commercial enterprise with cultivated intelligence. It was this noble patriotic pride that, in the short space of half a century, turned the little ruined village into an imposing city.—Professor John Stuart Blackie in Forum.

A Trick of Actors.

Most people know that the memory may be easily confused by learning a passage in two or three different ways, or by having once heard an incorrect form of giving it. Working on this principle, actors are fond of putting stumbling blocks in one another's way. A stock joke, dear to the hearts of all players, is the regular thing to be inflicted upon a beginner in the first act of "Richard III." It is in the scene where the coffin of Henry VI is borne across the stage. One of the men who carry it has been raised from the position of supernumerary to his first speaking part, which consists of a single line. Before the performance, it is usual for some older actor to take him aside and impress him with the enormous difficulties of delivering that sentence correctly. The victim listens nervously.

"Now, most actors," says his tormentor gravely, "make this mistake the first time they play the part: Instead of saying, as it is, 'My lord, stand back, and let the coffin pass,' they give it this way, 'My lord, stand back, and let the parson cough.'"

And after he has heard the latter version, absurd though it is, the chances are that the poor supernumerary will give that to the audience on the first night.—New York Tribune.

The Czar's Gold Plate.

For the banquet that took place immediately after the coronation of the czar no less than 320,000 pounds weight of the finest crystal, gold and silver plate was used, 60,000 pounds of this being composed of the precious metals. The most famous services of plate are the Orloff and the London service, the last including, among other things, copies of four equestrian statues on the Anichkoff bridge in St. Petersburg, four others representing hunting scenes and one St. George and the dragon. A writer in London Society says that among the crystals there were some wonderful vases, with bunches of grapes cut in relief. The Orloff service consists of 16 vases, richly decorated, and 96 large silver centerpieces for the table, of exquisite workmanship. A third service, known as the Parisian golden service, bought in 1867, consists of tureens, dishes and centerpieces.

The Telephone Worked.

According to a Kentucky paper, when the telephone was first introduced in that state an old farmer who did not exactly understand the working of the invention bought a new pair of boots for his son, who lived down in Texas. He hung the foot over the wire at sundown one evening. During the night some one took the boots and placed a pair of old ones across the wire. Next morning the old gentleman went out and, to his delight, he saw the old boots. He hastened into the house, exclaiming to his wife: "Say, Sal, this here tellerphone is the best thing yet. John got his boots last night, and I'm blasted if he didn't send the old uns home!"

Reserve Buds.

Every one has noticed how, when a large branch of a tree is cut off, small branches will shoot out around the stump. These branches are from the reserve buds, of which all trees have a great number at every portion of their surface. Under ordinary circumstances these never come to maturity, but when the tree is wounded or cut off or loses some of its branches the reserve buds at once come into play and renew the foliage.

ROBISON

Murder Trial.

WATCH THE News Review

FOR A FULL AND CLEAN

REPORT.

The News Review caters to the family circle. Our special correspondent will have all important details, edited in a manner which will win the approval of fathers and mothers. While giving all the news, dirty sensationalism is excluded from the columns of this paper.

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PROSPERITY.

You may write the FACT down in your private memorandum that prosperity is coming to this great Yankee nation. Democracy has been tried in the crucible of experience; has been given full and complete control of the government and its finances, and the test has developed the fact that the baser metals exist in that crucible to the full extent, with but a few grains of pure gold contained therein. In other words, the Democratic lawmakers were given full and complete rein, and permitted to indulge to their hearts content in the pernicious and destructive idea of free trade, with the result that the country has been almost ruined and business brought to a standstill, comparatively speaking. Then the great mass of voters rose in righteous wrath and hurled the incompetents from power, placing our own beloved McKinley in the presidential chair, backed by a coterie of level-headed advisors, men who believe in protection to home and home industries. Slowly but surely is prosperity coming to the people under the present Republican administration. Bitterly are the remaining Democrats in power battling against this oncoming tide of good things for the people, well knowing that good times and good wages, under Republican rule, means the total banishment from power, for many years to come, of an incompetent, untrustworthy Democracy. But their battling will be all in vain. The handwriting is on the wall. Democracy and destruction will be banished from business circles. The iron and steel market is looking up. Increased activity in these departments is very marked. Timidity in ventures making use of steel and iron is vanishing and confidence being restored. In other departments of business the same thing is occurring. All the calamity howlers in the land may howl in unison, and their howling will eventually react upon themselves; and, to men of common sense and calm observation, they will become a mere laughing stock. Politicians, seeking office, may howl; but the average voter and the business man will laugh in unison at him, and then make hay while the sun shines. Prosperity is coming—is close at hand—and you will be a very foolish man if you do not buckle down to business and secure your share of the good things.

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"Its symptoms will be an arrest of intellectual development. Another symptom is a loss of language, and hesitancy in movement. It is a chronic disease, usually taking from two to ten years. In many cases there is a loss of language. Its effect upon the organism of motion is to interfere with it. It is a loss of muscular and mental co-ordination. I would say that under some circumstances we could guess an epileptic. I have examined the defendant and found an influx action of the muscles pronounced. I recognized his intellectual power was not of high order. His answers were clear and expressive. He was not physically well nourished, but there was no particular nervousness about him. I had him stand up, close his eyes and bring his finger tips together. Lead poison would account for all nervous symptoms I have seen in the prisoner."

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"I see from where I sit the protrusion over his right eye, and I think there should be an equal depression on each side" he said in response to a question.

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The cross-examination, so far as it dealt with the tests, was severe. Doctor Parke said he was not in sympathy with the electrical tests, and he thought they had a very good reason for it. "I have used it a great deal, and found it very unsatisfactory."

"He had no exultation or depression," said the doctor in describing Robison. "There was no intellectual perversion. If he had a mark of intellectual delusion, such as saying the garden was full of tacks, he might still be sane. That is not a test of insanity."

"Can you account for the symptoms in the prisoner on any other ground than paresis?" asked Mr. Speaker.

"I can't."

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Dr. T. S. Carpenter, of Pittsburgh, Was the First Witness.

LISBON, June 17.—[Special]—Doctor T. S. Carpenter, of Pittsburgh, is a nice looking young man, and seemed at his ease when he took the chair.

"I have been practicing for five years on Penn avenue. My office was about four squares from where Robison lived. I was the family physician, being called first October 7, 1892. I treated him at that time for blood poison. He was sick ten days. I was called again in about a year and found him suffering from the same trouble, but not as bad. When he recovered he went to work. It was perhaps in 1894 when I was called again. I treated him last August for inflammation of the bladder. I saw Robison frequently in the street, and was acquainted with him as a physician is with his patient. I stopped when I met him and we chatted. Later I was called to the house, and attended him at my office."

"You may state from observation what his mental condition was; whether sane or insane."

Judge Young objected to the question, and the objection was sustained on the ground that the physician must not answer from any information he might have received from the defendant as his physician.



Have You
Been
Neglecting
Your
Lawn?

GOOD RUBBER HOSE

is what we want you to buy. We have it in a great many grades. Our prices will stand your inspection. Do not forget we carry the largest stock in the city of

Refrigerators,
Gas, Gasoline,
and Oil Stoves.

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

East Liverpool and Wellsville, O.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For sale by Alvin H. Bulker, Druggist, Sixt and W. Market, East Liverpool.

We're Having a HOT TIME Selling Nice, Cool UNDERWEAR

WE WANT TO BE KEPT BUSY
SELLING COOL GOODS.

Ladies' fine Ribbed vests, long and half sleeves and no sleeves, splendid values, at 5c, 10c, 12½c and 15c. A GREAT SELLER. Our men's fine French Balbriggan Underwear, silk fibre, shirts made with ribbed skirt, prevents creeping up. The price only

37½c

The Garment.

Better than any 50c grade. Attend our sale of extra fine sample wrappers, fine assortment, no two alike, the prettiest wrappers made, at less than price for making. LADIES SHIRT WAISTS in latest and correct styles. Fine patterns from 49c upwards.

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"I have been practicing for five years on Penn avenue. My office was about four squares from where Robison lived. I was the family physician, being called first October 7, 1892. I treated him at that time for blood poison. He was sick ten days. I was called again in about a year and found him suffering from the same trouble, but not as bad. When he recovered he went to work. It was perhaps in 1894 when I was called again. I treated him last August for inflammation of the bladder. I saw Robison frequently in the street, and was acquainted with him as a physician is with his patient. I stopped when I met him and we chatted. Later I was called to the house, and attended him at my office."

"You may state from observation what his mental condition was; whether sane or insane."

Judge Young objected to the question, and the objection was sustained on the ground that the physician must not answer from any information he might have received from the defendant as his physician.



Have You
Been
Neglecting
Your
Lawn?

GOOD RUBBER HOSE

is what we want you to buy. We have it in a great many grades. Our prices will stand your inspection. Do not forget we carry the largest stock in the city of

Refrigerators,
Gas, Gasoline,
and Oil Stoves.

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

East Liverpool and Wellsville, O.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, Druggist, Sixt and W. Market, East Liverpool.

We're Having a
HOT TIME
Selling Nice, Cool
UNDERWEAR

WE WANT TO BE KEPT BUSY
SELLING COOL GOODS.

Ladies' fine Ribbed vests, long and half sleeves and no sleeves, splendid values, at 5c, 10c, 12½c and 15c. A GREAT SELLER. Our men's fine French Balbriggan Underwear, silk fibre, shirts made with ribbed skirt, prevents creeping up. The price only

37½c

The Garment.

Better than any 50c grade. Attend our sale of extra fine sample wrappers, fine assortment, no two alike, the prettiest wrappers made, at less than price for making. LADIES SHIRT WAISTS in latest and correct styles. Fine patterns from 49c upwards.

THE
BON TON

"While I would not consider him a man of great intellectuality, I would not consider him a man of insanity," finally answered the doctor.

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OUTLET FOR COAL TO THE LAKES.

A Large Part of the Line Will Soon Be
Graded and Entire Right of Way Se-
cured—\$200,000 Spent For Dockage
In Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 17.—The Central
Michigan Railway company, which is
working on a line of railroad from
Lake Michigan to the coalfields of In-
diana and Ohio, has purchased \$200,000
worth of river property and dockage
in this city for terminals. The road ex-
pects to have its lake lines between
here and Grand Haven in operation be-
fore next winter.

The work of constructing the line
from Grand Haven to points in Ohio is
progressing rapidly. The road is to be
about 360 miles in length and a large
part of it will soon be graded and the
entire right of way secured.

LUTHERAN SCHOOLS FLOURISHING.

Encouraging Reports Made to the Synod
at Mansfield, O.

MANSFIELD, O., June 17.—The Rev.
Dr. Parson reported to the Lutheran
synod on behalf of the National Luth-
eran Home for the Aged at Washing-
ton that one building had been erected,
others were in contemplation and the
indications were that within a few
years very considerable development
would be made. The indebtedness had
been reduced \$2,200. The apportion-
ment asked for the next two years was
5 cents per capita.

Dr. Parson, as chairman of the com-
mittee on literary and theological in-
stitutions, also submitted a report from
which it appears that all the institu-
tions under the care of the general
synod were in a flourishing condition,
some of them having received large
bequests of money and real estate.
The attendance has been steadily in-
creasing, notably in the case of Witten-
berg, which now had the largest num-
ber of students. The young ladies
seminaries are doing successful work
for the church.

A resolution was adopted providing
that the annual apportionment of the
board of education be 10 cents per
member.

Treasurer H. F. Saylor's report of the
board showed the total of receipts from
the different synods, on apportionment
for the biennium, were \$17,231, dis-
bursements, \$16,572.

The committee of the Lutheran
synod, to which was referred the offer
of Dr. H. W. Kuhns of Omaha to
donate 13 lots, comprising a square in
Omaha, for the establishment of an
orphans' home, reported that Senator
Charles Bogardus, Paxton, Ills, had
telegraphed an offer to locate the pro-
posed home in Paxton and another tele-
gram with similar offer had been re-
ceived from Sedalia, Mo.

THRASHED THE SOLDIERS.

A Telegraph Operator Shot Two, When
a Gang Attacked Him.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 17.—Charles
Erswell, a telegraph operator, while
riding home on his bicycle late, was at-
tacked by a party of 10 or 12 soldiers
from Fort Russell. After he had been
knocked from his wheel Erswell shot
one of the soldiers. He then managed
to get inside his house, when the sol-
diers immediately bombarded it with
rocks and pieces of timber. They broke
the windows and forced in the kitchen
door.

As they rushed into the house Erswell
shot the second time, dropping an-
other of the soldiers. The city police
arrived at this time and the soldiers re-
treated. Both of the wounded men be-
long to G company. One of them is
seriously wounded. Erswell was al-
lowed to go on his own recognition.

Burglar's Dead Body Found.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 17.—The decom-
posing body of a burglar, shot by
Henry H. Barber three weeks ago, has
been found in a vacant lot five blocks
from Barber's house. These words
were found in a memorandum book:
"My name is Frank Reed. My home
is in Jacksonville, Fla."

Not Barnato's Daughter.

LONDON, June 17.—Secretary Honey
of Barney Barnato's companies says
that the claim of Mrs. Blackman of
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Foster, the United States seal commis-
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monly built on bridges at the entrance
of towns and villages, but the custom
has long since fallen into disuse, and
very few of these structures remain to-
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may be seen at Rotherham. It stands
on the bridge crossing the Don and was
built in 1483. Leland mentions it in
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HIGH HEELS IN EGYPT.

Slippers Seem to Be in High Favor With
Cairo Women.

It is hard to find a neat, well fitting
shoe in Cairo, because the woman of the
fellah class goes barefooted and the wo-
man of the harem wears slippers. Egypt
has no middle class of a size to count
for anything. The shoe, when one dis-
covers it, is too broad for the foot of a
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tion of its European prototype, useful,
probably, but certainly not ornamental.

The slipper is a different thing. In
its lowest state it is bright colored. It
is a thing of the soil and seems a part
of the foot that has shuffled along in it
for centuries. The cheaper slippers worn
by the women of Cairo are a vivid red
or yellow. They are very loose, but are
too flexible to be altogether awkward.
They have soles almost as thin as paper
and no heels. To walk in them is an art
that can't be learned in one generation,
but needs to be developed through he-
redity, for they are always trodden
down at the back, and it takes toes as
clever as fingers to hold them in posi-
tion.

But Egyptian women can jump as
nimble as others from extreme to ex-
treme, and every mother's daughter of
them who can afford it wears stiltlike
Louis Quinze heels. The women of the
wealthier classes are odd sights in their
batlike, black cloaks and white yak-
maks, tilting through the streets with
a liberal display of pink silk stockings
and blue satin slippers that look fitter
for a ballroom. Feet are all that a
veiled woman can display, and she
makes the most of them. In the narrow
streets that lead from the muski one
may see in a ten minutes' walk any
morning stockings and slippers of all
the hues of the rainbow. The shapeless
silk cloaks that are universal for out-
door wear are cut conveniently short to
display black slippers embroidered with
gold, white slippers beaded with blue,
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rosettes and dozens of red silk slippers
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where many of the pashas keep their
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display of footgear is even more striking.

The women who have the largest for-
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are not apparently young and are often-
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feet of Egyptian women are not small,
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New York Tribune.

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The Laikas Furnish Food, Draw Sledges
and Supply Clothing to Their Owners.

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"The duties of the true laikas," he
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1,000,000 are eaten every year, while
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There are now orders ahead in the
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NEW COLLEGE GARDENS, OXFORD.

On this old lawn, where lost hours pass
Across the shadows dark with dew,
Where autumn on the thick sweet grass
Has laid a weary leaf or two,
When the young morning, keenly sweet,
Breathes secrets to the silent air,
Happy is he whose lingering feet
May wander lonely there.

The enchantment of the dreaming lines,
The magic of the quiet hours,
Breathe unheard tales of other times
And other destinies than ours.
The feet that long ago walked here
Still, noiseless, walk beside our feet,
Poor ghosts, who found this garden dear
And found the morning sweet.

Age weeps that it no more may hold
The heartache that youth clasps so close,
Pain finely hidden in a rose.
A thorn deep hidden in a rose
Here is the immortal thorny rose
That may in no new garden grow—
Its root is in the hearts of those
Who walked here long ago! —E. Nesbit.

FIRE ALARM BOXES.

The Mechanism That Summons Help In
Case of Fire.

Charles T. Hill contributes an article
entitled "An Alarm of Fire by Tele-
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fire alarm system of New York. Con-
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post, the post being so constructed that
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box is painted a bright red, and the
lamp at night shows a red light, thus
making it easily discernible either by
day or night. The wires from the box
are conveyed down through the center
of the post to conduits buried in the
street and thence on to fire headquarters.

White letters on a red pane of glass,
in the lamp over the box, give directions
how to send an alarm. The same direc-
tions in raised letters are found on the
face of the box. If we turn the large
brass handle on the outside as far as it
will go, a loud gong will ring inside.
This is not the alarm, but simply a
warning bell to notify the policeman on
the beat that the box is being opened
and to prevent the sending in of mali-
cious or false alarms of fire, an offense
that is punishable in New York state
by a fine of \$100 and one year's impris-
onment. Turning this handle as far as
it will go opens the outer door, and we
find inside another door, with a slot at
the left hand side, and at the top of this
slot a hook projecting. By pulling down
this hook once and releasing it we set
at work certain clockwork mechanism
inside, and this sends in the alarm.

When the first officer arriving at a
fire discovers that it is of enough im-
portance to warrant his sending for re-
inforcements, he opens this inner door
and with the Morse key sends in a sec-
ond, third, fourth, fifth or sixth alarm,
as the case may be, or a call for any
special apparatus that he may need.
The inspectors of boxes can also carry
on a conversation in the Morse alphabet
with the operator at headquarters on
this key and sounder.

According to a musical journal, there
are in London at this moment 244,000
females who are learning music.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, June 16.
WHEAT—No. 1 red, 85¢@86¢; No. 2 red, 84¢@
85¢; spring wheat, 84¢@85¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 30¢@31¢; No. 1
shelled, 29¢@30¢; high mixed shelled, 28¢@29¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, 25¢@26¢; No. 2 do, 24¢@
25¢; extra No. 3 white, 23¢@24¢; light
mixed, 22¢@23¢.
HAY—No. 1 Timothy, \$11.50@11.75; No. 2,
\$9.50@10.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$8.00@8.50;
spring chickens, 30¢@32¢ per pound; live ducks,
5¢@6¢ per pair; dressed 14¢@15¢ per pound;
live turkeys, 7¢@8¢ per pound; dressed, 13¢@14¢.
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 16¢@17¢; extra
creamery, 15¢@16¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 14¢
@14¢; country roll, 9¢@9½¢; low grade and
cooking, 5¢@6¢.
CHEESE—New York full cream, new make,
8¢@9¢; Ohio, full cream, new make, 7¢@
7½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11¢@11½¢; Lim-
berger, new, 8½¢@9¢; Ohio Swiss, in tubs,
11¢@11½¢; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average,
10¢@10½¢.
EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and
Ohio, in cases, large lots, 10¢@11¢; in a job-
bing way, 11¢@11½¢; selected fancy stock,
11½¢@12¢.

PITTSBURG, June 16.
CATTLE—Receipts light; market un-
changed. We would quote the following
prices: Prime, \$5.00@5.15; good, \$4.75@4.90;
tidy, \$4.40@4.60; good butchers', \$4.25@4.40;
fair, \$3.90@4.20; common, \$3.20@3.55; heifers,
\$3.00@4.20; bulls, stags and cows, \$2.00@3.50;
common to good fat oxen, \$2.00@4.00; bologna
cows, \$5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers,
\$20.00@45.00.
HOGS—Receipts light, 5 double-deck cars
on sale; market active: Prime light Yorkers
and pigs, \$3.70@3.75; best medium and good
Yorkers, \$3.65@3.70; common to fair Yorkers,
\$3.60@3.65; heavy hogs, \$3.50@3.55; roughs,
\$2.25@3.10.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light;
market dull. We quote the following
prices: Choice, \$4.10@4.15; good, \$3.90@4.00;
fair, \$3.50@3.80; common, \$2.70@3.25; choice
yearlings, \$4.25@4.50; common to good year-
lings, \$3.00@4.10; spring lambs, \$4.00@5.00;
veal calves, \$5.00@6.25; heavy and thin calves,
\$3.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, June 16.
HOGS—Market slow at \$3.00@3.50.
CATTLE—Market lower at \$2.35@4.75.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep
lower at \$2.25@3.85. Lambs—Market 15¢@25¢
lower at \$3.75@5.25.

NEW YORK, June 16.
WHEAT—Spot market weaker.
CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 31½¢.
OATS—Spot market dull; No. 2, 22¢@22½¢.
CATTLE—Market slow, closing easier.
Native steers, \$4.35@5.10; stags and oxen,
\$3.00@4.00; bulls, \$2.00@3.50; dry cows, \$1.90
@3.75.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep
dull and lower. Sheep, \$2.50@4.25; lambs,
\$4.00@6.00.
HOGS—Market steady at \$4.00@4.50.



The
Coffee
That's
**PUREST AND
BEST**

**Jersey
Coffee**

Roasted by a special
patented process. Re-
tains its original flavor
and strength.

**Elegant
Presents**

Free
for the return of Jersey
trade marks.

At your grocer's.
**In One Pound
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J. M. KELLY, Vice President.
N. G. MACRUM, Cashier.
H. H. BLYTHE, Assistant Cashier.

Board of Directors:
David Boyce, W. L. Thompson,
J. M. Kelly, O. C. Vodrey,
Robert Hall, B. C. Simms,
John C. Thompson.

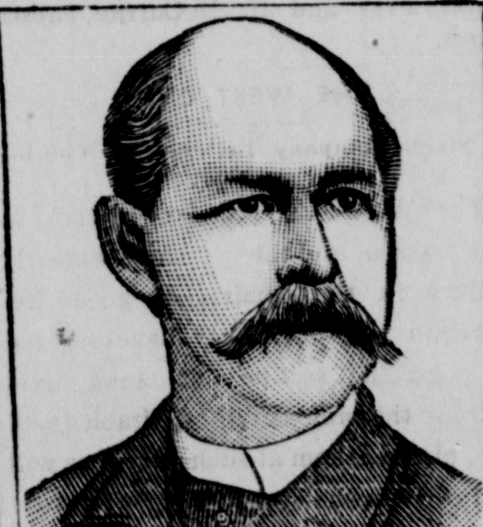
Capital.....\$100,000
Surplus.....40,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.



W. L. Douglas \$3 Shoe.

Stylish, durable, perfect fitting.
Endorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00
Shoes are the productions of skilled
workmen, from the best material pos-
sible at these prices. Also \$2.50 and \$2
Shoes for Men, \$2.50 and \$1.75 Boys

We use only the best Calfr. French
Patent Calfr. French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc.,
graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.
If dealer cannot supply you, write
Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

J. R. WARNER & CO.

\$500 Reward!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, In-
digestion, Constipation or Costiveness we can't
cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when
the directions are strictly complied with. They
are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give sat-
isfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, 25 cents.
Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genu-
ine manufactured only by THE JOHN C. WEST
COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print
Everything

From an
Election Sticker
to a
3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK
IM. LITHOGRAPHY
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c, &c, &c.

WE AIM TO DO CARE-
FUL, CORRECT PRINT-
ING; TO MAKE SOMETHING
ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS,
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size
or class of job, with our
facilities we can compete
with the world in quality
of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the
benefit of a large assort-
ment of borders, orna-
ments, initials, etc. Every
new face of type patented
always finds room in our
job department. None
but first-class printers are
employed, which means
the best possible results
obtainable from the ma-
terial.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for
high grade book and
half tone work (finest
machine manufactured).
Improved Gordons for
commercial work, and a
large Babcock for poster
printing; presided over by
a pressman late in charge
of the finest presses in
one of the largest print-
ing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen

Tells the Story.

HE
NEWS
REVIEW
PRESS.

NEW ROAD TO OHIO.

Work on Central Michigan Progressing Rapidly.

OUTLET FOR COAL TO THE LAKES.

A Large Part of the Line Will Soon Be Graded and Entire Right of Way Secured—\$200,000 Spent For Dockage In Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 17.—The Central Michigan Railway company, which is working on a line of railroad from Lake Michigan to the coalfields of Indiana and Ohio, has purchased \$200,000 worth of river property and dockage in this city for terminals. The road expects to have its lake lines between here and Grand Haven in operation before next winter.

The work of constructing the line from Grand Haven to points in Ohio is progressing rapidly. The road is to be about 360 miles in length and a large part of it will soon be graded and the entire right of way secured.

LUTHERAN SCHOOLS FLOURISHING.

Encouraging Reports Made to the Synod at Mansfield, O.

MANSFIELD, O., June 17.—The Rev. Dr. Parson reported to the Lutheran synod on behalf of the National Lutheran Home for the Aged at Washington that one building had been erected, others were in contemplation and the indications were that within a few years very considerable development would be made. The indebtedness had been reduced \$2,300. The apportionment asked for the next two years was 5 cents per capita.

Dr. Parson, as chairman of the committee on literary and theological institutions, also submitted a report from which it appears that all the institutions under the care of the general synod were in a flourishing condition, some of them having received large bequests of money and real estate. The attendance has been steadily increasing, notably in the case of Wittenberg, which now had the largest number of students. The young ladies seminaries are doing successful work for the church.

A resolution was adopted providing that the annual apportionment of the board of education be 10 cents per member.

Treasurer H. F. Saylors' report of the board showed the total of receipts from the different synods, on apportionment for the biennium, were \$17,221, disbursements, \$16,572.

The committee of the Lutheran synod, to which was referred the offer of Dr. H. W. Kuhns of Omaha to donate 13 lots, comprising a square in Omaha, for the establishment of an orphan's home, reported that Senator Charles Bogardus, Paxton, Ill., had telegraphed an offer to locate the proposed home in Paxton and another telegram with similar offer had been received from Sedalia, Mo.

THRASHED THE SOLDIERS.

A Telegraph Operator Shot Two, When a Gang Attacked Him.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 17.—Charles Erswell, a telegraph operator, while riding home on his bicycle late, was attacked by a party of 10 or 12 soldiers from Fort Russell. After he had been knocked from his wheel Erswell shot one of the soldiers. He then managed to get inside his house, when the soldiers immediately bombarded it with rocks and pieces of timber. They broke the windows and forced in the kitchen door.

As they rushed into the house Erswell shot the second time, dropping another of the soldiers. The city police arrived at this time and the soldiers retreated. Both of the wounded men belong to G company. One of them is seriously wounded. Erswell was allowed to go on his own recognition.

Burglar's Dead Body Found.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 17.—The decomposing body of a burglar, shot by Henry H. Barber three weeks ago, has been found in a vacant lot five blocks from Barber's house. These words were found in a memorandum book: "My name is Frank Reed. My home is in Jacksonville, Fla."

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PITTSBURG, June 16.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 85¢@86¢; No. 2 red, 84¢@85¢; spring wheat, 84¢@85¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 30¢@31¢; No. 1 shelled, 28¢@30¢; high mixed shelled, 28¢@29¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, 25¢@26¢; No. 2 do, 24¢@25¢; extra No. 3 white, 23¢@24¢; light mixed, 22¢@23¢.
HAY—No. 1 Timothy, \$11.50@11.75; No. 2, \$9.50@10.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$8.00@8.50; packing, \$8.25@8.75; No. 1 feeding prairie, \$7.50@8.00; wagon hay, \$13.00@14.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 50¢@60¢ per pair; small, 45¢@50¢; springers, 30¢@40¢, according to size; dressed, 9¢@10¢ per pound; dressed spring chickens, 30¢@32¢ per pound; live ducks, 5¢@6¢ per pair; dressed 14¢@15¢ per pound; live turkeys, 7¢@8¢ per pound; dressed, 12¢@14¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 16¢@17¢; extra creamery, 15¢@16¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 14¢@14¢; country roll, 9¢@9½¢; low grade and cooking, 5¢@6¢.

CHEESE—New York full cream, new make, 8¢@9¢; Ohio, full cream, new make, 7¢@7½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11¢@11½¢; Limburger, new, 8¢@9¢; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11¢@11½¢; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 10¢@10½¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 10¢@11¢; in a jobbing way, 11¢@11½¢; selected fancy stock, 11½¢@12¢.

PITTSBURG, June 16.

CATTLE—Receipts light; market unchanged. We would quote the following prices: Prime, \$5.00@5.15; good, \$4.75@4.90; tidy, \$4.40@4.60; good butchers', \$4.25@4.40; fair, \$3.90@4.20; common, \$3.20@3.65; heifers, \$3.00@4.20; bulls, stags and cows, \$2.00@3.50; common to good fat oxen, \$2.00@4.00; bologna cows, \$5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, \$20.00@45.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, 5 double-deck cars on sale; market active: Prime light Yorkers and pigs, \$3.70@3.75; best medium and good Yorkers, \$3.65@3.70; common to fair Yorkers, \$3.60@3.65; heavy hogs, \$3.50@3.55; roughs, \$2.25@3.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light; market dull. We quote the following prices: Choice, \$4.10@4.15; good, \$3.90@4.00; fair, \$3.50@3.80; common, \$2.70@3.25; choice yearlings, \$4.25@4.50; common to good yearlings, \$3.00@4.10; spring lambs, \$4.00@5.00; veal calves, \$6.00@6.25; heavy and thin calves, \$3.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, June 16.

HOGS—Market slow at \$3.00@3.50.

CATTLE—Market lower at \$2.35@4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep lower at \$2.25@3.85. Lambs—Market 15¢@25¢ lower at \$3.75@5.25.

NEW YORK, June 16.

WHEAT—Spot market weaker.
CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 31½¢.
OATS—Spot market dull; No. 2, 22¢@23¢.
CATTLE—Market slow, closing easier. Native steers, \$4.35@5.10; stags and oxen, \$3.00@4.00; bulls, \$2.00@3.50; dry cows, \$1.90@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and lower. Sheep, \$2.50@4.25; lambs, \$4.00@6.00.

HOGS—Market steady at \$4.00@4.30.



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In One Pound Packages Only.

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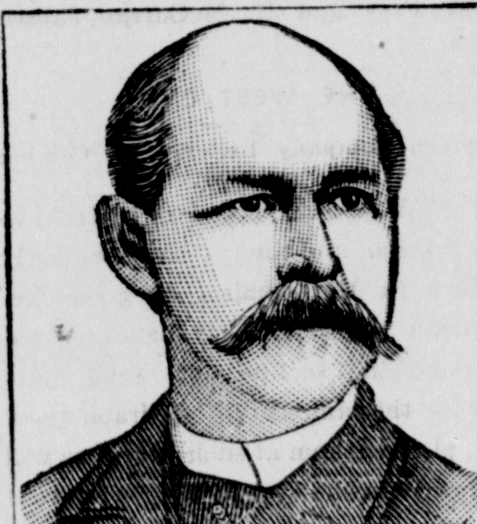
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WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we can cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, 25 cents. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by THE JOHN C. WEST COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

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In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

WOODFORD IS WILLING.

He Will Accept the Appointment as Minister to Spain.

REACHED WASHINGTON TODAY.

The New Yorker There to Confer With the President Regarding His New Duties—Friends Say He Is a Natural Diplomat—His Career.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Stewart L. Woodford, the nominee of the president for minister to Spain, arrived in this city today to confer with the president. It is stated on excellent authority that he will accept.

Mr. Woodford is an old friend of Senator Platt and the two have been on intimate terms since they were colleagues in congress a score of years ago. The incident in the early 80's, when Mr. Woodford refused to support for Governor Judge Folger, late secretary of the treasury, saying he would not support a Republican nominated on a "forged telegram," put him at odds with the Republicans of the state for some years, but he finally went back into the fold. Senator Platt vigorously urged him for a cabinet position trying to have him made secretary of the interior.

Mr. Woodford has made a fortune in his law practice and Republican friends speak of him as a natural diplomat. His nomination has been foreshadowed in gossip about the office for some weeks. The cabinet talked the matter over and the president referred to several persons suggested for the post and intimated that the preference was with Woodford. The question was brought up again and Secretary Bliss was called to the White House and shortly after the nomination was sent to the senate.

Stewart L. Woodford was born in New York on Sept. 3, 1835, and is descended from early settlers of Connecticut.

General Woodford entered Columbia college at 15, but spent the sophomore year at Yale, completing his education at Columbia and graduating in 1854. He was admitted to the bar in 1857 and entered politics in the first Lincoln campaign, 1860.

Lincoln offered him the judgeship of the territory of Nebraska, but he declined it. Later he became assistant United States district attorney of New York and prosecuted the cases growing out of the blockade. He resigned to enter the army as a volunteer in Company H, One Hundred and Twenty-seventh New York volunteers. He was made a captain and served until 1864 in Virginia, South Carolina and the District of Columbia.

He was judge advocate general of the department of the south, provost marshal general and chief of staff of General Gilmore. He was breveted brigadier general for gallantry in action. After the war he was military governor of the city of Charleston and later of Savannah.

He resigned his commission Aug. 22, 1865, and resumed his law practice.

In the fall of 1865 he was nominated for judge of the common pleas court in New York city, though he lived in Brooklyn. In 1866 he was elected lieutenant governor on the ticket with Governor Fenton, the youngest lieutenant governor up to that time. He presided over the Grant electoral college of the state in 1872 and defeated W. W. Goodrich for congress the same year.

General Woodford was the unsuccessful candidate for governor against John T. Hoffman, and in 1876 he was a candidate in the Republican national convention for vice president, receiving 60 votes.

RAPID WORK ON THE TARIFF.

The Senate Disposed of Thirteen Pages of the Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The senate has made rapid work on the tariff bill. There were no long speeches and the debate was of a snappy character, which, at times, enlivened but did not delay the serious work on the bill. Thirteen pages were disposed of, carrying the senate through the agricultural schedule and up to schedule H, relating to spirits, wines, etc. During the day the paragraphs of dairy products, farm products, fish, fruit and nuts, meat products and miscellaneous agricultural products were acted upon. The finance committee proposed many changes in the main advancing rates somewhat over those heretofore reported. The committee was sustained on every vote, although a contest was made on almost every paragraph.

Mr. Vest's motion to restore salt to the free list was rejected—yeas, 24; nays, 41. The important paragraph proposing a tax on tea went over at the suggestion of Mr. Allison, who expressed hope that this duty on tea might be dispensed with.

QUEEN VICTORIA NOT BLIND.

Her Health Apparently Causing Her Family No Anxiety.

LONDON, June 17.—The sensational stories circulated in the United States by a newspaper in regard to the eyesight of Queen Victoria, which is said by that periodical to be so bad that her majesty is almost totally blind, are not believed here. There has been no hint that the queen's sight is any worse than might be expected in a woman of her age. Sir John Watt Reid, the queen's resident physician, is now away on a holiday, so it is evident that her majesty's health causes no anxiety. Queen Victoria has left Balmoral

and gone to Windsor castle. This is the first step of her majesty in the long program arranged to celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of her accession to the throne.

Saturday next is known now as the eve of the jubilee, and by that time all preparations for the busy week to follow will have been completed.

WOMEN AT NASHVILLE.

A Feature of the Centennial Fair Will Be Miss Enid Vandell's Statue.

Women interested in the Tennessee Centennial exposition at Nashville have planned innumerable attractions for their rendezvous—the Woman's building—from a collection of hand painted gourds to a cafe on the roof. Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman, president of the woman's department of the centennial, has aimed to have represented many out of the ordinary as well as stereotyped pursuits in the world of woman. There will be shown all sorts of unusual inventions by the sex, from the hand-made hammock of the Indian squaw to the ceramic creations of the metropoli-



STATUE OF PALLAS ATHENE.

tan artist, the newest appliances for the use of the modern housewife, the latest advances made by the progressive sister in professional life—in short, the ingenious efforts of woman in her thousand and one arenas.

The woman's building is placed picturesquely in a cluster of trees. It is made of white staff, as are all the structures which have so suddenly grown on the hilly outskirts of Nashville. Architecturally the Woman's building is a partial counterpart of The Hermitage, the old homestead of President Andrew Jackson, near the centennial city. To the colonial style of this hospitable looking southern home have been added touches of Greek art, producing an uncommon and artistic effect. The design was the work of a Tennessee woman—Mrs. Sara Ward Conley. The white marble steps of the building lead to the fountain and the lotus pool basin.

The Tennessee women who have worked so ardently to make this beautiful building attractive on the inside for fair visitors to the centennial secured the nucleus of the necessary fund by issuing a woman's edition of a Nashville paper. The dollars which thus filled the exchequer were doubled by the income of various enterprises, including the charge of several down town stores for a day.

The general of these successful efforts, Mrs. Kirkman, is a daughter of the south. The first four years of her life were spent in Cuba, after which Memphis became her home. In that city she received her early education under the Episcopal Sisters of St. Mary, afterward pursuing a course of study at Fairmont college, Monticello. When 16 years old, she was sent to Paris for two years for the finishing touches to her education, which concluded with a year's travel through Europe. Eleven years ago she married Mr. Kirkman, a Tennessean, who, on his mother's side, is descended from General Anthony Wayne, of Revolutionary fame. Mrs. Kirkman is the daughter of Caswell Macon Thompson, only son of the Hon. Jacob Thompson, secretary of the interior under President Buchanan.

Tennessee women are particularly proud, aside from the exhibit in the Woman's building, of one piece of art. It is a colossal statue of Pallas Athene, 40 feet in height, including pedestal, modeled by Miss Enid Vandell, a Kentucky girl who is at present pursuing art in Paris. The statue, which is after Frohner's Pallas de Velletri, in the Louvre, Paris, has been placed in front of the Parthenon. The adjustment of the parts of this immense statue, which is said to be the largest ever executed by a woman, was absolutely perfect.—Chicago Record.

Seen a Boy Himself.

Practical Father—I want to buy a watch for my boy—the cheapest you have.

Honest Dealer—I'm afraid I can't warrant the cheap ones to keep very good time.

Practical Father—Oh, that doesn't matter. Just make it so he can open the back of the case.—Strand Magazine.

Invited to Call.

He—I suppose that sap headed dude has proposed to you a dozen times.

She—No. Once was enough. Come and see us when we get settled.

A Pretty Resort.

A sojourn at Winona Assembly Grounds at Eagle Lake, Ind., near Warsaw, on the Fort Wayne route, will prove a pleasant summer outing. This delightful resort is the site of the youngest of the Chautauqua assemblies, and its attractions combine facilities for recreation, entertainment, instruction and devotion.

Eagle Lake is a beautiful sheet of water, surrounded by several hundred acres of romantic woodland which covers one stretch of nearly two miles. The lake affords opportunity for aquatic pastimes, the boating, bathing and fishing being excellent. In addition to numerous row-boats there are several pleasure steamers on the lake.

The shady grounds are occupied by many pretty cottages and summer homes of persons who annually enjoy the beauties of the place, strengthening body in the invigorating atmosphere and enriching the mind by the special advantages the summer school offers.

A fine park has been laid out on the shore of the lake. A large auditorium, amphitheatre, college halls, hotels and restaurant have also been constructed on the grounds for the accommodation of visitors. There is also a race track and space set aside for out-door athletic sports.

In addition to the Presbyterian General Assembly which will be in session on the Assembly Grounds from May 20 to June 2, a number of other large meetings will be held on the grounds during the summer of 1897, including the Indiana State Sunday School Convention, Western Association of Writers, Indiana State W. C. T. U., Indiana Y. M. C. A., Encampment, National Medical Society, Boys' Brigade, and Indiana State Christian Endeavor Convention.

Excursion tickets to Eagle Lake will be on sale via Pennsylvania Lines during the summer season. Details regarding rates, time of trains, etc., may be ascertained by addressing the nearest passenger or ticket agent of the Pennsylvania lines, or by applying to F. Van Dusen, chief assistant general passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Full information concerning the Assembly and Summer School, cost of entertainment, etc., may be secured upon application to Secretary Sol. C. Dickey, Eagle Lake, Ind. *

Heat Photographs.

The invisible radiations from a heated body possess the power of effecting certain chemical decompositions much after the manner of lights, as, for instance, in photography. Among the substances sensitive to weak radiations of heat may be mentioned paper saturated with cupric bromide, or a mixture of sulphate of copper and potassium bromide, which has a faint greenish tint that becomes olive brown in radiant heat, and, if green is used, a brown image can be obtained in a minute by exposing to the radiations from a gas stove, and on treatment with silver nitrate this image becomes black by reason of the reduction of the silver. Bichromated paper is affected by radiant heat, as by light, and paper impregnated simply with sulphate of copper yields a feeble image, which becomes nearly black when treated with silver nitrate. A mixture of sulphate of copper and oxalic acid gives a paper which becomes brown on exposure. Chlorate of copper is also very sensitive, the faint blue color becoming a deep green. Similarly used bromide of tin behaves as if exposed to light, but unexposed parts become very black when treated with silver nitrate. Nitrate of silver, which is markedly acted upon by light, is slightly browned when exposed to heat radiation, and the tint is deepened by hydroquinone or gallic acid.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Making Marbles.

Marbles are manufactured from the material which gives them their name. At the marble quarries the refuse stone is broken by hand into small cubes. A bushel or more of these is poured into a great revolving cylinder, which is supplied with water from a faucet. The cylinder is revolved at a high rate of speed, and the cubes, by attrition, are ground down to the tiny spheres which give such delight to the hearts of the boys. From one to two hours are usually required to finish a lot of marbles, and they are afterward sorted according to size and painted by hand. The crockery marbles, or potteries, are molded of the same material as ordinary earthenware, and are then glazed and baked. The glass marbles containing images and flowers are molded.

Buttons.

Buttons are certainly as ancient as the siege of Troy, in the ninth century before our era, for, both in that unfortunate city and at Mycenae, Dr. Schliemann discovered objects of gold, silver and bronze which could have had no other use than that of buttons. In medieval times the clothing of the common people was generally fastened with wooden pegs of the type and form of those resorted to in emergencies by the country boy of the present day. Buttons covered with cloth were prohibited by George I, in 1720, to encourage the manufacture of metal buttons.

Low Rates.

Special reductions in fare over the Pennsylvania lines will be granted for numerous events to take place this summer in various parts of the United States, in addition to local excursions. Some of the points to which tickets will be sold and dates of sale are as follows: To Nashville, Tenn., daily to October 15, for Tennessee Centennial and International exposition.

To Winona assembly grounds, Eagle Lake, (near Warsaw, Ind.) May 15 to August 31, for annual assembly and summer school.

To Celeron (Chautauqua Lake,) July 11 and 12, account Photographers Association of America.

To Toronto, Canada, July 13, 14 and 15, for Epworth League National convention.

To Minneapolis, July 3 and 4, for national meeting, B. P. O. Elks.

To Chattanooga, July 13, 14 and 15, account Baptist Young Peoples' union, of America.

To Detroit, July 12 and 13, for National Republican League meeting.

To Cincinnati, July 21 and 22, for German Epworth League meeting.

To Indianapolis, August 17 and 18, for Young People's Christian union annual convention.

To Indianapolis, September 8 and 9, for National Encampment Sons of Veterans.

The reduced rates over the Pennsylvania lines will not be restricted to members of the organizations mentioned, but may be taken advantage of by the public generally. Excursion tickets may be obtained at ticket offices on the Pennsylvania system and will also be sold over this route by connecting railways. Any Pennsylvania line ticket or passenger agent will furnish desired information concerning rates, time of trains, return limit, and other details, to all applicants, or the same may be obtained by addressing Samuel Moody, assistant general passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

New Entrance to New York.

All are convenient locations; Cortlandt street and Desbrosses street, in the downtown district, and Twenty-third street in the uptown district. The latter entrance will be formally opened May 16, when two new, commodious ferryboats, double-deckers, constructed especially for the Pennsylvania lines and furnished and fitted in up-to-date style, will be placed in service between the Jersey City station and Twenty-third street, connecting with all inbound and outbound trains over the Pennsylvania system, the same as the boats running between that station and Cortlandt street and Desbrosses street, which will also continue in the service.

The Pennsylvania lines' three entrances into New York enable passengers to quickly reach the business portion in the lower end of the city, as well as the hotels and business blocks in the very heart of the great metropolis. The ride across the river is a delightful and refreshing termination to an enjoyable trip. All through trains from the west, over the Pennsylvania lines, land passengers in New York between 9:30 a. m., and 9:30 p. m., treating them to a grand view of the city's water front; its extensive docks where at almost any time may be seen ships of many nations. The wonderful panorama gives visitors a slight idea of the magnitude of New York. The new Twenty-third street ferry line is particularly noteworthy in this respect. *

Summer Outing.

The principal places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic ocean in the Alleghenies, the Adirondacks, Catskills, and mountains of the east, and in the lake region and Northern Michigan and the northwest, may be readily reached over the Pennsylvania lines.

Special information regarding the leading resorts and the advantages enjoyed in journeying to them over the Pennsylvania route has been compiled and printed in convenient form. The matter is profusely illustrated with photographic reproductions of seashore scenes and includes views at Atlantic City, Cape May, Long Branch and other resorts along the Atlantic coast; also of Cresson, Bedford Springs, and romantic mountain retreats, and of Petoskey, Mackinac, and the summer havens in Michigan and the northwest.

Persons contemplating summer outing trips will find it a valuable guide in shaping preliminaries. Copies may be obtained by addressing D. C. MacWaters, district passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

A Big Hyena Loose.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Prowling about Graceland cemetery "Jim," the big hyena, which escaped from Lincoln park by gnawing a hole through the door of his cage, ravaged a number of graves in the burying ground. Attempts are being made to capture him.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

		3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59		
Westward.		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM		
Pittsburgh	lv	16:05	11:30	14:30	11:06	17:20		
Rochester	..	7:00	2:15	5:30	11:50	8:22		
Beaver	..	7:05	2:20	5:35	11:55	8:27		
Vanport	..	7:09	..	5:39	11:59	8:32		
Industry	..	7:20	..	5:50	12:10	8:42		
Cooks Ferry	..	7:23	..	5:53	12:13	8:45		
Smiths Ferry	..	7:35	2:40	6:01	12:21	8:55		
East Liverpool	..	7:46	2:49	6:12	12:30	9:05		
Wellsville	..	7:58	2:55	6:25	12:40	9:15		
Wellsville	lv	8:05	3:05	7:00	12:45	..		
Wellsville Shop	..	8:10	3:10	7:05	12:50	..		
Yellow Creek	..	8:15	..	7:10	12:55	..		
Hammondsville	..	8:23	..	7:18	1:03	..		
Irondale	..	8:26	..	7:20	1:06	..		
Salineville	..	8:42	3:38	7:40	1:27	..		
Bayard	..	9:20	4:10	PM	2:05	..		
Alliance	..	10:05	4:55	PM	2:30	..		
Ravenna	..	10:40	5:30	PM	3:10	..		
Hudson	..	11:22	5:55	PM	3:30	..		
Cleveland	..	12:10	6:25	PM	4:30	..		
Wellsville	lv	8:10	3:10	6:55	15:55	11:02		
Wellsville Shop	..	8:15	3:15	6:58	16:00	11:05		
Yellow Creek	..	8:20	3:20	7:04	16:05	11:10		
Port Homer	..	8:27	3:27	7:09	16:09	..		
Empire	..	8:34	3:34	7:14	16:17	11:21		
Elliottsville	..	8:41	3:41	7:18	16:21	11:25		
Toronto	..	8:48	3:48	7:25	16:30	11:28		
Browns	..	8:52	3:52	7:30	16:35	..		
Steuensburg	..	9:08	4:08	7:45	16:51	11:45		
Mingo Jo	..	9:15	4:10	7:53	17:05	11:53		
Brilliant	..	9:22	4:20	8:00	17:12	12:01		
Rush Run	..	9:33	4:32	8:09	17:24	12:10		
Port Homer	..	9:40	4:39	8:15	17:30	12:16		
Yorkville	..	9:40	4:39	8:15	17:30	12:16		
Martins Ferry	..	9:58	5:02	8:28	17:52	12:28		
Bridgeport	..	10:05	5:10	8:35	17:58	12:35		
Lellaire	..	10:15	5:20	8:45	18:10	12:45		
Wellsville	..	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM		
Eastward.		3:40	3:46	3:50	3:56	4:15		
Lellaire	lv	14:45	19:00	..	14:45	11:00		
Bridgeport	..	4:53	9:09	..	4:53	11:10		
Martins Ferry	..	5:01	9:15	..	5:01	11:15		
Yorkville	..	5:10	..	..	5:10	..		
Portland	..	5:15	9:28	..	5:15	11:23		
Rush Run	..	5:20	9:33	..	5:20	11:28		
Brilliant	..	5:28	9:41	..	5:28	11:34		
Mingo Jo	..	5:44	9:56	..	5:44	11:50		
Steuensburg	..	5:44	9:56	..	5:44	11:50		
Browns	..	6:00	10:12	..	6:00	12:02		
Toronto	..	6:07	10:19	..	6:07	12:09		
Elliottsville	..	6:11	10:20	..	6:11	12:19		
Empire	..	6:13	10:30	..	6:21	12:27		
Port Homer	..	6:26	10:33	..	6:35	12:38		
Yellow Creek	..	6:31	10:38	..	6:35	12:43		
Wellsville Shop	..	6:31	10:45	..	6:35	12:43		
Wellsville	..	6:35	10:50	..	6:40	12:48		
Wellsville	lv	8:05	..	7:00	3:05	..		
Wellsville Shop	..	8:09	..	7:05	..	..
Yellow Creek	..	8:15	..	7:10	..	..
Hammondsville	..	8:23	..	7:18	..	..
Irondale	..	8:26	..	7:20	..	..
Salineville	..	8:42	..	7:40	..	..
Bayard	..	9:20	..	PM	2:40	..		
Alliance	..	10:05	..	PM	3:30	..		
Ravenna	..	10:40	..	PM	4:10	..		
Hudson	..	11:22	..	PM	4:50	..		
Cleveland	..	12:10	..	PM	5:40	..		
Wellsville	lv	6:45	11:00	..	6:51	3:10		
East Liverpool	..	6:55	11:10	..	7:00	3:20		
Smiths Ferry	..	7:05	11:20	..	7:08	3:30		
Cooks Ferry	..	7:13	11:31	..	7:16	3:38		
Industry	..	7:20	11:38	..	7:22	3:45		
Vanport	..	7:34	11:49	..	7:36	3:53		
Beaver	..	7:40	11:55	..	7:42	4:00		
Rochester	..	7:46	12:01	..	7:48	4:06		
Pittsburgh	ar	8:50	12:40	..	8:50	5:10		
Wellsville	..	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM		

WOODFORD IS WILLING.

He Will Accept the Appointment as Minister to Spain.

REACHED WASHINGTON TODAY.

The New Yorker There to Confer With the President Regarding His New Duties—Friends Say He is a Natural Diplomat—His Career.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Stewart L. Woodford, the nominee of the president for minister to Spain, arrived in this city today to confer with the president. It is stated on excellent authority that he will accept.

Mr. Woodford is an old friend of Senator Platt and the two have been on intimate terms since they were colleagues in congress a score of years ago. The incident in the early '80's, when Mr. Woodford refused to support for Governor Judge Folger, late secretary of the treasury, saying he would not support a Republican nominated on a "forged telegram," put him at odds with the Republicans of the state for some years, but he finally went back into the fold. Senator Platt vigorously urged him for a cabinet position trying to have him made secretary of the interior.

Mr. Woodford has made a fortune in his law practice and Republican friends speak of him as a natural diplomat. His nomination has been foreshadowed in gossip about the office for some weeks. The cabinet talked the matter over and the president referred to several persons suggested for the post and intimated that the preference was with Woodford. The question was brought up again and Secretary Bliss was called to the White House and shortly after the nomination was sent to the senate.

Stewart L. Woodford was born in New York on Sept. 3, 1835, and is descended from early settlers of Connecticut.

General Woodford entered Columbia college at 15, but spent the sophomore year at Yale, completing his education at Columbia and graduating in 1854. He was admitted to the bar in 1857 and entered politics in the first Lincoln campaign, 1860.

Lincoln offered him the judgeship of the territory of Nebraska, but he declined it. Later he became assistant United States district attorney of New York and prosecuted the cases growing out of the blockade. He resigned to enter the army as a volunteer in Company H, One Hundred and Twenty-seventh New York volunteers. He was made a captain and served until 1864 in Virginia, South Carolina and the District of Columbia.

He was judge advocate general of the department of the south, provost marshal general and chief of staff of General Gilmore. He was breveted brigadier general for gallantry in action. After the war he was military governor of the city of Charleston and later of Savannah.

He resigned his commission Aug. 22, 1865, and resumed his law practice.

In the fall of 1865 he was nominated for judge of the common pleas court in New York city, though he lived in Brooklyn. In 1866 he was elected lieutenant governor on the ticket with Governor Fenton, the youngest lieutenant governor up to that time. He presided over the Grant electoral college of the state in 1872 and defeated W. W. Goodrich for congress the same year.

General Woodford was the unsuccessful candidate for governor against John T. Hoffman, and in 1876 he was a candidate in the Republican national convention for vice president, receiving 60 votes.

RAPID WORK ON THE TARIFF.

The Senate Disposed of Thirteen Pages of the Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The senate has made rapid work on the tariff bill. There were no long speeches and the debate was of a snappy character, which, at times, enlivened but did not delay the serious work on the bill. Thirteen pages were disposed of, carrying the senate through the agricultural schedule and up to schedule H, relating to spirits, wines, etc. During the day the paragraphs of dairy products, farm products, fish, fruit and nuts, meat products and miscellaneous agricultural products were acted upon. The finance committee proposed many changes in the main advancing rates somewhat over those heretofore reported. The committee was sustained on every vote, although a contest was made on almost every paragraph.

Mr. Vest's motion to restore salt to the free list was rejected—yeas, 24; nays, 41. The important paragraph proposing a tax on tea went over at the suggestion of Mr. Allison, who expressed hope that this duty on tea might be dispensed with.

QUEEN VICTORIA NOT BLIND.

Her Health Apparently Causing Her Family No Anxiety.

LONDON, June 17.—The sensational stories circulated in the United States by a newspaper in regard to the eyesight of Queen Victoria, which is said by that periodical to be so bad that her majesty is almost totally blind, are not believed here. There has been no hint that the queen's sight is any worse than might be expected in a woman of her age. Sir John Watt Reid, the queen's resident physician, is now away on a holiday, so it is evident that her majesty's health causes no anxiety. Queen Victoria has left Balmoral

and gone to Windsor castle. This is the first step of her majesty in the long program arranged to celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of her accession to the throne.

Saturday next is known now as the eve of the jubilee, and by that time all preparations for the busy week to follow will have been completed.

WOMEN AT NASHVILLE.

A Feature of the Centennial Fair Will Be Miss Enid Vandell's Statue.

Women interested in the Tennessee Centennial exposition at Nashville have planned innumerable attractions for their rendezvous—the Woman's building—from a collection of hand painted gourds to a cafe on the roof. Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman, president of the woman's department of the centennial, has aimed to have represented many out of the ordinary as well as stereotyped pursuits in the world of woman. There will be shown all sorts of unusual inventions by the sex, from the hand-made hammock of the Indian squaw to the ceramic creations of the metropoli-



STATUE OF PALLAS ATHENE.

tan artist, the newest appliances for the use of the modern housewife, the latest advances made by the progressive sister in professional life—in short, the ingenious efforts of woman in her thousand and one arenas.

The woman's building is placed picturesquely in a cluster of trees. It is made of white staff, as are all the structures which have so suddenly grown on the hilly outskirts of Nashville. Architecturally the Woman's building is a partial counterpart of The Hermitage, the old homestead of President Andrew Jackson, near the centennial city. To the colonial style of this hospitable looking southern home have been added touches of Greek art, producing an uncommon and artistic effect. The design was the work of a Tennessee woman—Mrs. Sara Ward Conley. The white marble steps of the building lead to the fountain and the lotus pool basin.

The Tennessee women who have worked so ardently to make this beautiful building attractive on the inside for fair visitors to the centennial secured the nucleus of the necessary fund by issuing a woman's edition of a Nashville paper. The dollars which thus filled the exchequer were doubled by the income of various enterprises, including the charge of several down town stores for a day.

The general of these successful efforts, Mrs. Kirkman, is a daughter of the south. The first four years of her life were spent in Cuba, after which Memphis became her home. In that city she received her early education under the Episcopal Sisters of St. Mary, afterward pursuing a course of study at Fairmont college, Monticello. When 16 years old, she was sent to Paris for two years for the finishing touches to her education, which concluded with a year's travel through Europe. Eleven years ago she married Mr. Kirkman, a Tennesseean, who, on his mother's side, is descended from General Anthony Wayne, of Revolutionary fame. Mrs. Kirkman is the daughter of Caswell Macon Thompson, only son of the Hon. Jacob Thompson, secretary of the interior under President Buchanan.

Tennessee women are particularly proud, aside from the exhibit in the Woman's building, of one piece of art. It is a colossal statue of Pallas Athene, 40 feet in height, including pedestal, modeled by Miss Enid Vandell, a Kentucky girl who is at present pursuing art in Paris. The statue, which is after Frohner's Pallas de Velletri, in the Louvre, Paris, has been placed in front of the Parthenon. The adjustment of the parts of this immense statue, which is said to be the largest ever executed by a woman, was absolutely perfect.—Chicago Record.

Been a Boy Himself.

Practical Father—I want to buy a watch for my boy—the cheapest you have.

Honest Dealer—I'm afraid I can't warrant the cheap ones to keep very good time.

Practical Father—Oh, that doesn't matter. Just make it so he can open the back of the case.—Strand Magazine.

Invited to Call.

He—I suppose that sap headed dude has proposed to you a dozen times.

She—No. Once was enough. Come and see us when we get settled.

A Pretty Resort.

A sojourn at Winona Assembly Grounds at Eagle Lake, Ind., near Warsaw, on the Fort Wayne route, will prove a pleasant summer outing. This delightful resort is the site of the youngest of the Chautauqua assemblies, and its attractions combine facilities for recreation, entertainment, instruction and devotion.

Eagle Lake is a beautiful sheet of water, surrounded by several hundred acres of romantic woodland which covers one stretch of nearly two miles. The lake affords opportunity for aquatic pastimes, the boating, bathing and fishing being excellent. In addition to numerous row-boats there are several pleasure steamers on the lake.

The shady grounds are occupied by many pretty cottages and summer homes of persons who annually enjoy the beauties of the place, strengthening body in the invigorating atmosphere and enriching the mind by the special advantages the summer school offers.

A fine park has been laid out on the shore of the lake. A large auditorium, amphitheatre, college halls, hotels and restaurant have also been constructed on the grounds for the accommodation of visitors. There is also a race track and space set aside for out-door athletic sports.

In addition to the Presbyterian General Assembly which will be in session on the Assembly Grounds from May 20 to June 2, a number of other large meetings will be held on the grounds during the summer of 1897, including the Indiana State Sunday School Convention, Western Association of Writers, Indiana State W. C. T. U., Indiana Y. M. C. A., Encampment, National Medical Society, Boys' Brigade, and Indiana State Christian Endeavor Convention.

Excursion tickets to Eagle Lake will be on sale via Pennsylvania Lines during the summer season. Details regarding rates, time of trains, etc., may be ascertained by addressing the nearest passenger or ticket agent of the Pennsylvania lines, or by applying to F. Van Dusen, chief assistant general passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Full information concerning the Assembly and Summer School, cost of entertainment, etc., may be secured upon application to Secretary Sol. C. Dickey, Eagle Lake, Ind. *

Heat Photographs.

The invisible radiations from a heated body possess the power of effecting certain chemical decompositions much after the manner of lights, as, for instance, in photography. Among the substances sensitive to weak radiations of heat may be mentioned paper saturated with cupric bromide, or a mixture of sulphate of copper and potassium bromide, which has a faint greenish tint that becomes olive brown in radiant heat, and, if green is used, a brown image can be obtained in a minute by exposing to the radiations from a gas stove, and on treatment with silver nitrate this image becomes black by reason of the reduction of the silver. Bichromated paper is affected by radiant heat, as by light, and paper impregnated simply with sulphate of copper yields a feeble image, which becomes nearly black when treated with silver nitrate. A mixture of sulphate of copper and oxalic acid gives a paper which becomes brown on exposure. Chlorate of copper is also very sensitive, the faint blue color becoming a deep green. Similarly used bromide of tin behaves as if exposed to light, but unexposed parts become very black when treated with silver nitrate. Nitrate of silver, which is markedly acted upon by light, is slightly browned when exposed to heat radiation, and the tint is deepened by hydroquinone or gallic acid.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Making Marbles.

Marbles are manufactured from the material which gives them their name. At the marble quarries the refuse stone is broken by hand into small cubes. A bushel or more of these is poured into a great revolving cylinder, which is supplied with water from a faucet. The cylinder is revolved at a high rate of speed, and the cubes, by attrition, are ground down to the tiny spheres which give such delight to the hearts of the boys. From one to two hours are usually required to finish a lot of marbles, and they are afterward sorted according to size and painted by hand. The crockery marbles, or potteries, are molded of the same material as ordinary earthenware, and are then glazed and baked. The glass marbles containing images and flowers are molded.

Buttons.

Buttons are as ancient as the siege of Troy, in the ninth century before our era, for, both in that unfortunate city and at Mycenae, Dr. Schliemann discovered objects of gold, silver and bronze which could have had no other use than that of buttons. In medieval times the clothing of the common people was generally fastened with wooden pegs of the type and form of those resorted to in emergencies by the country boy of the present day. Buttons covered with cloth were prohibited by George I, in 1720, to encourage the manufacture of metal buttons.

Low Rates.

Special reductions in fare over the Pennsylvania lines will be granted for numerous events to take place this summer in various parts of the United States, in addition to local excursions. Some of the points to which tickets will be sold and dates of sale are as follows:

To Nashville, Tenn., daily to October 15, for Tennessee Centennial and International exposition.

To Winona assembly grounds, Eagle Lake, (near Warsaw, Ind.) May 15 to August 31, for annual assembly and summer school.

To Celeron (Chautauqua Lake,) July 11 and 12, account Photographers Association of America.

To Toronto, Canada, July 13, 14 and 15, for Epworth League National convention.

To Minneapolis, July 3 and 4, for national meeting, B. P. O. Elks.

To Chattanooga, July 13, 14 and 15, account Baptist Young Peoples' union, of America.

To Detroit, July 12 and 13, for National Republican League meeting.

To Cincinnati, July 21 and 22, for German Epworth League meeting.

To Indianapolis, August 17 and 18, for Young People's Christian union annual convention.

To Indianapolis, September 8 and 9, for National Encampment Sons of Veterans.

The reduced rates over the Pennsylvania lines will not be restricted to members of the organizations mentioned, but may be taken advantage of by the public generally. Excursion tickets may be obtained at ticket offices on the Pennsylvania system and will also be sold over this route by connecting railways. Any Pennsylvania line ticket or passenger agent will furnish desired information concerning rates, time of trains, return limit, and other details, to all applicants, or the same may be obtained by addressing Samuel Moody, assistant general passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

New Entrance to New York.

All are convenient locations; Cortlandt street and Desbrosses street, in the downtown district, and Twenty-third street in the uptown district. The latter entrance will be formally opened May 16, when two new, commodious ferryboats, double-deckers, constructed especially for the Pennsylvania lines and furnished and fitted in up-to-date style, will be placed in service between the Jersey City station and Twenty-third street, connecting with all inbound and outbound trains over the Pennsylvania system, the same as the boats running between that station and Cortlandt street and Desbrosses street, which will also continue in the service.

The Pennsylvania lines' three entrances into New York enable passengers to quickly reach the business portion in the lower end of the city, as well as the hotels and business blocks in the very heart of the great metropolis. The ride across the river is a delightful and refreshing termination to an enjoyable trip. All through trains from the west, over the Pennsylvania lines, land passengers in New York between 9:30 a. m., and 9:30 p. m., treating them to a grand view of the city's water front; its extensive docks where at almost any time may be seen ships of many nations. The wonderful panorama gives visitors a slight idea of the magnitude of New York. The new Twenty-third street ferry line is particularly noteworthy in this respect. *

Summer Outing.

The principal places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic ocean in the Alleghenies, the Adirondacks, Catskills, and mountains of the east, and in the lake region and Northern Michigan and the northwest, may be readily reached over the Pennsylvania lines.

Special information regarding the leading resorts and the advantages enjoyed in journeying to them over the Pennsylvania route has been compiled and printed in convenient form. The matter is profusely illustrated with photographic reproductions of seashore scenes and includes views at Atlantic City, Cape May, Long Branch and other resorts along the Atlantic coast; also of Cresson, Bedford Springs, and romantic mountain retreats, and of Petoskey, Mackinac, and the summer havens in Michigan and the northwest.

Persons contemplating summer outing trips will find it a valuable guide in shaping preliminaries. Copies may be obtained by addressing D. C. MacWaters, district passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

A Big Hyena Loose.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Prowling about Graceland cemetery "Jim," the big hyena, which escaped from Lincoln park by gnawing a hole through the door of his cage, ravaged a number of graves in the burying ground. Attempts are being made to capture him.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.		3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59	
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM	
Pittsburgh	iv	6:05	11:30	14:30	11:00	47:20	
Rochester	"	7:00	2:15	5:30	11:50	8:22	
Beaver	"	7:05	2:20	5:35	11:55	8:27	
Vanport	"	7:09	2:25	5:41	11:59	8:32	
Industry	"	7:20	2:30	5:56	12:10	8:42	
Cooks Ferry	"	7:23	2:30	6:01	12:10	8:45	
Smiths Ferry	"	7:36	2:40	6:10	12:20	8:55	
East Liverpool	"	7:45	2:45	6:19	12:30	9:05	
Wellsville	ar	7:58	2:55	6:35	12:40	9:15	
Wellsville	iv	8:05	3:05	7:00	12:45		
Wellsville Shop	"	8:09	3:10	7:05	12:50		
Yellow Creek	"	8:15	3:15	7:11	12:55		
Hammondsville	"	8:23	3:20	7:18	1:03		
Irondale	"	8:26	3:20	7:20	1:06		
Sallineville	"	8:42	3:38	7:40	1:27		
Bayard	"	9:20	4:10	7:58	1:35		
Alliance	ar	9:44	4:34				
Alliance	iv	10:05	4:55	1:15			
Ravenna	"	10:40	5:30	1:45			
Hudson	"	11:02	5:50	2:05			
Cleveland	ar	12:10	6:25	4:30			
Wellsville	iv	8:10	3:10	8:55	15:55	11:02	
Wellsville Shop	"	8:15	3:15	8:58	16:00	11:05	
Yellow Creek	"	8:21	3:18	9:04	16:05	11:10	
Port Homer	"	8:27	3:23	9:09	16:10		
Empire	"	8:34	3:28	9:16	16:17		
Elliottsville	"	8:41	3:35	9:17	16:21		
Toronto	"	8:45	3:40	9:18	16:25		
Browns	"	8:55	3:50	9:28	6:37		
Steuersville	ar	9:08	4:00	7:45	6:55	11:45	
Steuersville	iv	9:08	4:00	7:45	6:55	11:45	
Mingo Je	"	9:15	4:10	7:53	7:05	11:53	
Brilliant	"	9:22	4:20	8:00	7:14	12:01	
Rush Run	"	9:33	4:32	8:09	7:24	12:10	
Portland	"	9:40	4:39	8:16	7:30	12:17	
Yorkville	"	9:45	4:44	8:21	7:37	12:21	
Martins Ferry	"	9:58	5:02	8:38	7:52	12:28	
Bridgeport	"	10:05	5:10	8:45	7:58	12:35	
Kelleire	ar	10:15	5:20	8:45	8:10	12:45	
Kelleire	iv	10:25	5:30	8:55	8:20	12:55	
Eastward.		3:40	3:50	3:58	3:50	4:18	
		AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	
Kelleire	iv	14:45	19:00	14:45	1:00	12:45	
Bridgeport	"	14:53	19:08	14:53	1:08	12:53	
Martins Ferry	"	15:01	19:15	15:01	1:15	12:59	
Yorkville	"	15:10	19:25	15:12	1:22	13:06	
Portland	"	15:15	19:30	15:19	1:28	13:11	
Rush Run	"	15:20	19:35	15:24	1:33	13:16	
Brilliant	"	15:28	19:41	15:32	1:42	13:24	
Mingo Je	"	15:44	19:56	15:48	1:58	13:40	
Steuersville	ar	16:00	20:12	16:04	2:15	13:56	
Steuersville	iv	16:00	20:12	16:04	2:15	13:56	
Browns	"	16:07	20:19	6:11	2:19	14:03	
Toronto	"	16:11	20:23	6:12	2:21	14:07	
Elliottsville	"	16:11	20:23	6:11	2:21	14:07	
Empire	"	16:13	20:25	6:11	2:21	14:07	
Port Homer	"	16:20	20:32	6:18		14:14	
Yellow Creek	"	16:30	20:40	6:33		14:24	
Wellsville Shop	"	16:31	20:45	6:38		14:29	
Wellsville	ar	16:35	20:50	6:48	2:45	14:39	
Wellsville	iv	8:05	11:00	7:00	3:05		
Wellsville Shop	"	8:09	11:04	7:05			
Yellow Creek	"	8:15	11:10	7:11			
Hammondsville	"	8:23	11:18	7:18			
Irondale	"	8:26	11:23	7:20			
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Bayard	"	9:20	12:10	7:58			
Alliance	ar	9:44	12:34				
Alliance	iv	10:05	12:55				
Ravenna	"	10:40	13:30				
Hudson	"	11:02	13:52				
Cleveland	ar	12:10	3:20				
Wellsville	iv	6:45	11:00	6:51	3:10	3:50	
East Liverpool	"	6:55	11:10	7:00	3:20	4:10	
Smiths Ferry	"	7:05	11:20	7:08	3:30	4:20	
Cooks Ferry	"	7:13	11:26			4:28	
Industry	"	7:21	11:31	7:22	3:35	4:36	
Vanport	"	7:31	11:41			4:46	
Beaver	"	7:40	11:50	7:42	4:00	4:55	
Rochester	"	7:50	12:00	7:56	4:05	5:05	
Pittsburgh	ar	8:50	12:40	8:30	5:10	6:40	
Pittsburgh	iv	8:50	12:40	8:30	5:10	6:40	

Fullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 331 and 332, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas branch; Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 337 and 335 at Wellsville.

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The News Review
Aims to do careful, correct printing to make something attractive.

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Merchants and business men must have advertisements in this office on the evening previous to insertion in this paper. This rule is imperative, and is an absolute necessity resulting in good to paper and patron.

The largest bonafide "paid" general circulation of any daily published in East Liverpool. Advertisers will make note.
HARRY PALMER,
Manager.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Brookes, Lincoln avenue—a son.

The new Republican club is meeting with success. A meeting will be held next week to act on reports.

Joe Cartwright returned yesterday from the University of Michigan, where he is taking a course in the dental department.

Frank Adams, of Lisbon, who is a prominent candidate for county auditor, was in the city yesterday attending the Elks' picnic.

The Tuscarawas Fishing club will go into camp July 6; between Coshocton and Newcomerstown. They will be gone for three weeks.

The fourth annual picnic of the Elks, held yesterday at Rock Spring, was largely attended, and was one of the most enjoyable of the season.

Odel Long, clerk of courts of Clarkston, W. Va., arrived in the city at noon today. He was the guest of his relatives, and left on the afternoon train for the east.

"The sanitary condition of the city at present is better than it has been for months, but there is still room for improvement," is the way Sanitary Policeman Burgess puts it.

Winnie Mercer is confined to his room with a bad cold and symptoms of the mumps, and it is doubtful if the star twirler of the senators will be able to play with the team for at least a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schreiber left last evening for their new home in Evansville. Many friends were at the train and the happy couple were showered with rice, while the small boys serenaded them in the usual style.

An irate father chasing a young man along West Market street late last evening was a scene not down on the bills. The cause of the trouble could not be ascertained. The young man is a resident of Steubenville, while the father is a well known pcter.

The officials of the city should enforce the ordinance and see that the observance of the Fourth is not commenced for a few weeks. Every evening when least expected, fire crackers are put off in the streets, frightening teams and causing no end of trouble. An enforcement of the ordinance will probably avert a serious accident.

A Vengeful Transaction.

He looked apprehensively up and down the street as he and his wife emerged from the restaurant. His steps were rapid, and it was not until after the corner had been turned that he said: "Maria, I don't want to go through life with a secret in my bosom. Rather than that, I will risk forfeiting your esteem."

"What is the matter? Have you been robbing anybody?"

"Don't talk about it in that way. There were mitigating circumstances. You remember the counterfeit 50 cent piece that I got last fall?"

"Yes. It's the only money you ever succeeded in saving."

"It's gone with the rest. I gave it to the cashier in the restaurant."

"By accident?"

"No. I did it in cold blood. I have been thinking about doing it for a long time. Ordinarily I am not vindictive, but I got to brooding over the matter till I yielded to temptation."

"How did your conscience permit you to do such a thing?"

"That's the worst of it. Every time I think about it it seems to make my conscience feel better. We have been patronizing that restaurant on occasions for a year at least."

"Yes."

"The proprietor has given us veal in the chicken salad, codfish in the deviled crabs, chicory in the coffee and water in the cream."

"There has been reason for suspicion?"

"We have had evidence that would convince any jury. After I had given him a 50 cent piece with some lead in it I tried to be ashamed of myself, but I couldn't. It may have been contrary to the statutes of the United States, but it was poetic justice."—Washington Star.

Barbara Curran of Orrington, Me., has yeast which came from Ireland in 1846.

Mason Sherrill of Louisville has been a deacon for 64 years.

Clyde Ketchum, not yet 21, has been elected justice of the peace at Dowagiac, Mich.

Miss Ellen E. Girard of Wayne, Pa., a grandniece of the Philadelphia philanthropist, is said to be the only member of the family now living.

AGE AND AGE UNITED

TWO OLD PEOPLE MARRIED AT THREESCORE AND TEN.

The Bridegroom Has Lived Seventy-eight Years and Yet Is Swift of Foot and Full of Vigor—His Wife Is Only a Few Years Younger.

There was much wonder in St. Agnes' Roman Catholic church, Paterson, N. J., at the principal service on a recent Sunday morning, when aged William Hill walked down the center aisle with venerable Katharine McGinty, a widow of some means, and it became known that they had been married on the preceding day.

Hill admits that he is 78 years old, and although he claims that his bride is a dozen years younger her crown of snow white hair makes her seem the older of the pair. He is tall and erect, although not in the most robust of health, while she is short and inclined to stoutness.

Hill has been a widower for about two years. He spent all his life's savings in trying to nurse his wife and their daughter back to health. Their deaths left him poor and almost friendless, without a relative in the United States. He has since managed to make ends meet, although his age prevented him from working at his trade of engineer and locomotive blacksmith.

Occasionally he was engaged to do a little work by aged Widow McGinty, who owned some property and was, like himself, without children or relatives. They had known each other for nearly half a century, and the similarity in the lonely circumstances of their old age seemed to draw them together. The friendship was noticed by the widow's neighbors and there were some who shrewdly guessed the truth when the couple started out arm in arm and arrayed in their best clothes. They proceeded to the rectory of St. Agnes' Roman Catholic church and gave the pastor, Rev. Father Corrigan, a surprise when they asked to be married.

But both were in earnest, and their requests had to be granted. They had brought no witnesses or bridal party, and the clergyman called in his housekeeper. The latter was determined to have the ceremony conducted with all proper formality, so she brought the butcher from over the way to attend the bridegroom while she acted as bridesmaid. Both of the contracting parties had been married before, and all went smoothly. They left the rectory as husband and wife.

Hill, when seen at his new home, was surprised to learn that his marriage had been much disguised, as he saw little to remark about it. He declared that he was easily sprier than most men of 60 and was willing to run a foot race to prove it. He talked freely of the reasons for the union, remarking that, of course, marriage at his age was different from weddings of youth. His wife and he would be companions for each other, and that was what they wanted. Besides, each had some of this world's goods, and now that their possessions are joined both can live in comfort. Mrs. McGinty needed a protector, he a companion, and now both needs are filled. Then they could take care of each other in the event of sickness.

"And those are some of the reasons why we hitched up," concluded Mr. Hill.

The couple have unusual mental and physical vigor for such advanced age, and no one could talk with them without realizing the wisdom of their union.—Exchange.

HE LIKED HER VOICE.

A Man Rises in Church and Offers a Soloist a Salary.

A singular incident occurred at Atlantic City during the services in the Academy of Music, which were being conducted by the Rev. Dr. Hyatt Smith of Boston under direction of the Olivet Presbyterian church. Mrs. M. Weevil of Philadelphia sang the solos. While she was rendering an anthem a well dressed man seated in the center of the congregation arose and, turning toward her, proclaimed in a loud voice that he would pay her \$1,000 a year and all expenses for her services as a singer. The interruption caused a commotion among the throng in the church. The man was not intoxicated, and the services then proceeded.

Cowcatcher Caught Her.

Mary Donohue, 5 years old, of Mount Vernon street, Camden, N. J., was struck by a West Jersey express train one night recently.

She was caught by the pilot on the engine and no bones were broken, and the child was apparently unhurt.

The engineer closed his eyes to shut out the supposed horror. The child smiled when the doctor came.—Exchange.

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In the recent sweep of the Bois de Boulogne for disreputable characters a tramp with a strange history was taken. He had been a sailor and master of a sailing vessel, had undertaken to explore Abyssinia and had ended by becoming chief cook to King Menelek. He grew homesick, however, made his escape, and on reaching France had been unable to find work.

Fortunes Made in Textile Trades.

Eminence in the textile trades does not lead with the same certainty to social distinction as the possession of breweries and distilleries. The Lancashire manufacturers gain titles more hardly, and, unless we except Sir Archibald Orr-Ewing, the turkey red dyer connected with that industry, neither peer nor baronet nor even a knight is to be found among the 3 full millionaires and 17 semimillionaires who have occupied that enviable position in the wills of the last ten years, because custom requires that we should wear clothes. The late John Ryland of Manchester, who was in his youth a traveling packman, died possessed of a personality of more than £2,500,000, and his affairs were in such perfect order that the intricate business of valuing and declaring so colossal an estate was completed within a month. Mr. George H. Strutt of Belper and Mr. Samuel Fielden of Todmorden, both cotton spinners, were millionaires, the estate of the former reaching well on to £2,000,000.

A London draper, the well known Peter Robinson, was close up to the million, and his fellow tradesman Mr. James Marshall of Marshall & Snelgrove not far behind, but the majority of the semimillionaires who helped to dress us were manufacturers of the district which has Manchester for its center. The repetition of names among them demands attention. There are two Woods, Samuel and Daniel, of Glossop; another Fielden of Todmorden and two Lees, Eli and Charles Edward, of Werneth, near Oldham. This last was one of the rare cases in which the exchequer draws death duties twice from the same estate within two years, as C. E. Lees was the son of Eli, and the fortunes were £856,813 and £849,428, respectively, which shows how little the son must have disturbed his father's investments.—Contemporary Review.

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One of the dwellers in woman's club land, whose views of the hereafter are somewhat pronounced, recently expounded them with saddening results to her maid, who was bewailing the loss of a friend.

"Death," said she, "is nothing but transition. There is no occasion for so much grief and fear."

"Yes, ma'am," agreed the maid, with a fresh outburst.

"When we die," continued her mistress smoothly, "it is only part of the process of evolution. We wake up to another life; that's all."

"It's in heaven we'll be waking up," sobbed the bereft one, "with angels and harps and—"

"What nonsense!" corrected the clubwoman, with a pitying smile. "The next life will be just like this one. All things prove it. You and I will be doing there all the things we do here."

But the maid had dropped the apron from her tear stained visage and was gazing at her comforter with every sign of righteous indignation.

"Is it working out in service you think I'll be?" she demanded.

"Precisely," rejoined the evolutionist, "but you'll probably be doing it rather better, you know."

"Well, if you think I'm going to heaven to wait on you, you'll find yourself mighty mistaken," gasped the irate handmaiden. "I'd rather stay out of it. So you'd better supply yourself with another girl to train up for the next world."—New York World.

American Violin Wood.

It has been recently discovered that the bar maple wood grown in Washington is superior to any wood yet tried in the manufacture of small stringed instruments, such as violins. This is verified by the practical experience and testimony of a well known Chicago instrument maker. He finds that the Washington maple is superior to any he has yet used, and he has heretofore been importing maple from the mountain regions of Switzerland as the best he could find in the world.

The Washington maple seems to possess the necessary qualities of being very difficult to split, capacity for satiny finish, resonance, strength and lightness in the superlative degrees. While the demand for such wood does not call for any great amount, it is steadily increasing and will almost command its own price. As an instance of the superiority of some American made instruments, a purchaser sent to Europe lately for a high priced instrument and when it was received it was found to be the product of the aforesaid manufacturer.—Buffalo Express.

Was Washington Profane?

Rev. F. E. Williams, a Presbyterian pastor of Baltimore, told his congregation that he had no doubt George Washington swore. Round English oaths were common in his day. They were close to hand when a man forgot himself and was carried away in a torrent of passion, and Washington was capable of this. The true Washington was a man of terrific temper. Passion is power. A man who is not capable of getting mad is not capable of getting much of anything else. Self control means nothing unless a man has something to control.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Experiments with plants tend to show that in clear weather the evaporation by night as compared to that which takes place in the day appears to be in the ratio of one to five.

Dress and the Man.

"American men, as a rule, are slovenly, untidy and careless," according to a writer in the New York Tribune. "A certain set, it is true, that has leisure and means, is well dressed and thoroughly groomed, but with men of affairs the distinction between Americans and Englishmen is marked. In England the same class look, as a whole, decidedly superior, and it is simply their clothes and the way they are worn and the generally scrubbed look of their faces that make the difference." It is useless to ignore clothes as a powerful factor in our lives. If the tailor does not actually "make the man," he certainly has a great deal to do with the semblance. One of the great causes of untidiness among men who can afford to dress and appear well is the lack of proper valeting. In England every well to do man has his clothes taken care of by a servant, and if he has not his own especial man there is always some one in the household whose duty it is to see that his coats are well brushed, his trousers cleaned and pressed, his shoes polished, hats brushed and all the details which in this country—except the shoes, perhaps—a busy man is supposed to see to himself.

In America a man arrogates to himself a certain credit in not caring for clothes—"he has no time for such nonsense"—the consequence being that when conventionality demands a recognition of its claims, it requires an especial effort, which is often apparent. Many political and business men will say that it is a distinct disadvantage to dress well in this country. Older merchants regard a punctiliously dressed clerk with disapproval. Public men say that their constituents distrust "frills," while a large majority simply do not want to take the trouble to dress, and yet these very men like their women-kind to be well dressed and grudge no expense so far as the latter are concerned, while they themselves wear slovenly clothes and do not even try to look fresh and neat.

Sure.

"What did Noah live on when the flood subsided and his provisions in the ark were exhausted?" asked a Sunday school teacher of her class. "I know," squeaked a little girl after the others had given up. "Well, what?" inquired the teacher. "Dry land."—Chattanooga Times.

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WORTHY OF YOUR CONSIDERATION



Is this little picture. It illustrates the light running rotary shuttle. Let us sell you a Standard Sewing Machine, the cheapest because the best.

SMITH & PHILLIPS.

East Liverpool, Ohio.

PURE BLOOD

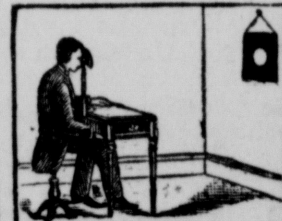
Our Sarsaparilla is the VERY BEST.

At 69 cents a Bottle.

Very Best Beef, Iron, And Wine,

Large Bottles 50 Cents,

At Will Reeds', The Druggist.



A Liberal Discount

made to all our patrons and friends on all optical goods from now until July 10, at which time I leave for New York to further advance myself in the optical profession.

Have Your Eyes Examined by the latest appliance for correction of defective vision by the Prisoptometer.

Examination Free!

JNO. M. McKINNEY,

Dr. of Optal.

Cameras

Kodak, Premo's, Quad, Dry Plates, Solutions, Etc.,

Everything used in Amateur Photography.

Hodson's Drug Store, BROADWAY.

Solid Spoons Silver

Pearl Handled Knives and Forks and Sterling Silver Novelties at....

Wade's,

The Jeweler.

Dr. Geo. D. Arnum,

Surgeon Dentist,

Specialties: Crown and Bridge Work, and Preservation of the Natural Teeth. Syndicate Bldg., Sixth St.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

Merchants and business men must have advertisements in this office on the evening previous to insertion in this paper. This rule is imperative, and is an absolute necessity resulting in good to paper and patron.

The largest bonafide "paid" general circulation of any daily published in East Liverpool. Advertisers will make note.
HARRY PALMER,
Manager.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Brookes, Lincoln avenue—a son.

The new Republican club is meeting with success. A meeting will be held next week to act on reports.

Joe Cartwright returned yesterday from the University of Michigan, where he is taking a course in the dental department.

Frank Adams, of Lisbon, who is a prominent candidate for county auditor, was in the city yesterday attending the Elks' picnic.

The Tuscarawas Fishing club will go into camp July 6, between Coshocton and Newcomerstown. They will be gone for three weeks.

The fourth annual picnic of the Elks, held yesterday at Rock Spring, was largely attended, and was one of the most enjoyable of the season.

Odel Long, clerk of courts of Clarkston, W. Va., arrived in the city at noon today. He was the guest of his relatives, and left on the afternoon train for the east.

"The sanitary condition of the city at present is better than it has been for months, but there is still room for improvement," is the way Sanitary Policeman Burgess puts it.

Winnie Mercer is confined to his room with a bad cold and symptoms of the mumps, and it is doubtful if the star twirler of the senators will be able to play with the team for at least a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schreiber left last evening for their new home in Evansville. Many friends were at the train and the happy couple were showered with rice, while the small boys serenaded them in the usual style.

An irate father chasing a young man along West Market street late last evening was a scene not down on the bills. The cause of the trouble could not be ascertained. The young man is a resident of Steubenville, while the father is a well known potter.

The officials of the city should enforce the ordinance and see that the observance of the Fourth is not commenced for a few weeks. Every evening when least expected, fire crackers are put off in the streets, frightening teams and causing no end of trouble. An enforcement of the ordinance will probably avert a serious accident.

A Vagabond Transaction.

He looked apprehensively up and down the street as he and his wife emerged from the restaurant. His steps were rapid, and it was not until after the corner had been turned that he said: "Maria, I don't want to go through life with a secret in my bosom. Rather than that, I will risk forfeiting your esteem."

"What is the matter? Have you been robbing anybody?"

"Don't talk about it in that way. There were mitigating circumstances. You remember the counterfeit 50 cent piece that I got last fall?"

"Yes. It's the only money you ever succeeded in saving."

"It's gone with the rest. I gave it to the cashier in the restaurant."

"By accident?"

"No. I did it in cold blood. I have been thinking about doing it for a long time. Ordinarily I am not vindictive, but I got to brooding over the matter till I yielded to temptation."

"How did your conscience permit you to do such a thing?"

"That's the worst of it. Every time I think about it it seems to make my conscience feel better. We have been patronizing that restaurant on occasions for a year at least."

"Yes."

"The proprietor has given us veal in the chicken salad, codfish in the deviled crabs, chicory in the coffee and water in the cream."

"There has been reason for suspicion?"

"We have had evidence that would convince any jury. After I had given him a 50 cent piece with some lead in it I tried to be ashamed of myself, but I couldn't. It may have been contrary to the statutes of the United States, but it was poetic justice."—Washington Star.

Barbara Curran of Orrington, Me., has yeast which came from Ireland in 1846.

Mason Sherrill of Louisville has been a deacon for 64 years.

Clyde Kothum, not yet 21, has been elected justice of the peace at Dowagiac, Mich.

Miss Ellen E. Girard of Wayne, Pa., a grandniece of the Philadelphia philanthropist, is said to be the only member of the family now living.

AGE AND AGE UNITED

TWO ODD OLD PEOPLE MARRIED AT THREESCORE AND TEN.

The Bridegroom Has Lived Seventy-eight Years and Yet Is Swift of Foot and Full of Vigor—His Wife Is Only a Few Years Younger.

There was much wonder in St. Agnes' Roman Catholic church, Paterson, N. J., at the principal service on a recent Sunday morning, when aged William Hill walked down the center aisle with venerable Katharine McGinty, a widow of some means, and it became known that they had been married on the preceding day.

Hill admits that he is 78 years old, and although he claims that his bride is a dozen years younger her crown of snow white hair makes her seem the older of the pair. He is tall and erect, although not in the most robust of health, while she is short and inclined to stoutness.

Hill has been a widower for about two years. He spent all his life's savings in trying to nurse his wife and their daughter back to health. Their deaths left him poor and almost friendless, without a relative in the United States. He has since managed to make ends meet, although his age prevented him from working at his trade of engineer and locomotive blacksmith.

Occasionally he was engaged to do a little work by aged Widow McGinty, who owned some property and was, like himself, without children or relatives. They had known each other for nearly half a century, and the similarity in the lonely circumstances of their old age seemed to draw them together. The friendship was noticed by the widow's neighbors and there were some who shrewdly guessed the truth when the couple started out arm in arm and arrayed in their best clothes. They proceeded to the rectory of St. Agnes' Roman Catholic church and gave the pastor, Rev. Father Corrigan, a surprise when they asked to be married.

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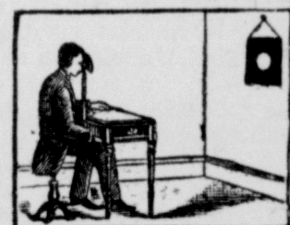
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